

**SEP** | 2016





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Welcome to the September Millennial issue of La Habana magazine.

Much has been said and written about the Millenial Generation or Generation Y by both supporters and faultfinders. They say that they are versatile, multifaceted, quick, open-minded, go-getters, but that they lack patience and are self-centered, focusing on their careers and seeking self-happiness, which is why they are also nicknamed the "me generation." But however critics or backers may wish to label this generation, the truth is that they are collaborative, achievers, entrepreneurs and responsible. They search for and find solutions. They are not pessimistic. They live in a digital world making them more global-minded.

And how does all this fit into Cuban Millennials? From musicians to restaurant owners, from designers to app designers, today's young Habaneros, the Millennial Generation, are changing the face of the city. There's a new vibe and energy across Cuba, especially in Havana. There's no denying: this is an exciting time for Cuba and the Millennial Generation is at the top of it all and dead-set on making their mark in the world.

In this month's issue you will find a selection of articles about this generation in Cuba. Our thanks to Jauretsi for her contribution on how Millennials on our Island differ from this generation in the US. Other articles focus on different Cuban Millennials—musicians, designers, entrepreneurs...

September 8 is the feast day of Our Lady of Charity—the Virgen de la Caridad del Cobre. Religious or not, the procession that takes place every year in the working-class neighborhood of Centro Habana and ends in Nuestra Señora de la Caridad Parrish is not to miss.

Entertainment-wise, there's a wide selection of music events this month: Habanarte (September 8-18), which involves the participation of artists of all kinds in venues across the city, the Festival of Countertenors of the World (September 30-October 9), and the Baroque September Concert Season (September 2-30). We especially wish to recommend Rubens y Amberes en blanco y negro (Museo Nacional de Bellas Artes. Edificio de Arte Universal, Sept 1-15), an exhibition of 13 engravings by Flemish and Dutch masters who worked at Ruben's studio alongside the Master himself.

Pokémon Go has also arrived in Havana. Read all about it in the pieces "Pokémon GO: Running through Havana, skipping from hotspot to hotspot" and "Pokémon Fever."

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- Pokémon Fever

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Run Jorge Run

Praise be to Our Lady of Charity!

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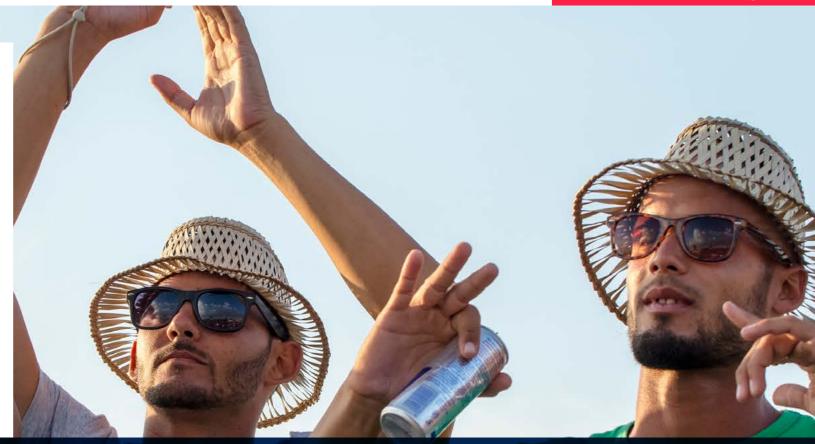
**FEATURES RESTAURANTS BARS & CLUBS LIVE MUSIC HOTELS** PRIVATE ACCOMMODATION



Millennials, also called Generation Y or Generation Peter Pan, are people who were born between 1980 and 2000. For anthropologists who spend their lives studying parental relationships, this is the generation that follows Generation X and the Baby Boomers who were raised in the time slot between wars and economic instability.

But if we could eliminate the harmful process of putting labels on things, we would see that being a Millennial is not a generational thing, it's a state of mind that leads to a number of behaviors and habits that are not necessarily linked with the year of your birth. Millennial is an attitude, and it doesn't matter what year you were born in.

The following are some of the characteristics shared by the Millennial Generation at the workplace:



- Persons who combine the verbs "to collaborate" and "to share" undertaking relationships based on the "win-win" concept.
- Professionals concerned with their continuous improvement who are aware that today's knowledge may not be enough tomorrow.
- Persons who are non-conformists, rebels with a cause, who question what has been pre-established in order to improve it.
- Persons having open minds who incorporate new ideas and embrace divergence.
- Professionals needing constant and immediate feedback because they know this will allow them to improve their day-to-day work.
- Persons who are constantly seeking new challenges and find the greatest motivation in such challenges.
- Professionals who are go-getters, taking on the risks involved in swimming against the current.
- Persons who are versatile, multi-career individuals because monotony limits their creative capacities.
- Persons who include technology so that they can attain the necessary knowledge to grow, professionally and as people.
- Persons who need freedom and mobility (both technological and mental) in order to be productive and efficient.



All these traits can easily be applied to Cuban Millenials. From musicians to restaurant owners, from designers to app designers, today's young habaneros, the Millenial Generation, are changing the face of the city. There's a new vibe and energy across Cuba, especially in Havana. There's no denying: this is an exciting time for Cuba and Millenial Generation is at the top of it all.



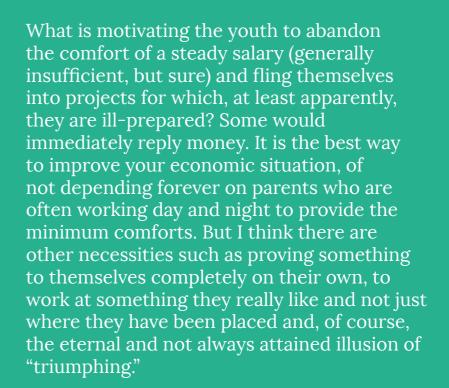
Barack Obama's visit to Cuba made the word "entrepreneur" fashionable, especially when referring to the young, although restricting the meaning to the private sector of our economy. The Real Academia Española defines the adjective as "someone resolutely taking difficult or hazardous action." Merriam-Webster's Dictionary is on the same track with its definition that says: "One who organizes, manages and assumes the risks of a business or enterprise." And so all those young people who are working in the state sector are eliminated from this definition; they have been undaunted by the difficulties inherent in their trades and professions. which have been hurt by the difficult economic conditions in which they operate: scientists, technologists, sportsmen and women, peasants, artists, teachers...

But without a doubt, the opening up of the Cuban economy in recent years towards the private and cooperative sector is a brand new phenomenon. It has attracted a lot of attention and its share of controversy both inside and outside of Cuba. And just like the Millennials who are always ready to experiment, they have decided to take this giant step into the Great Unknown. It is said that they represent 30% of self-employed workers and they have been receiving a lot of attention, and not just from the smiling Mr. Obama.









A number of obstacles get put in their way: their inexperience and that of the country in not knowing how to run these types of businesses, the restrictions and undefined details that end up putting many plans into a sort of legal limbo, the lack of initial capital.... But they do have the advantages of a high level of education, the economic help of relatives in Cuba and abroad and, sometimes, of the social, intellectual or political capital of their parents—all this may open some doors.

But we are already talking about successful young people who own or run top-quality restaurants like El Cocinero or Le Chansonnier, rental apartments such as Doña Isis, Hostal Bohemia or Casa Vitrales, real estate agencies like Zafiro or Cuba Inmobiliaria, publicity agencies such as ETRES, gyms, beauty salons, spas, photographic studios, design groups, offset printing workshops, audiovisual producers, art galleries, construction and





restoration companies, and many more. They are also in charge of organizing parties and events. They are chefs, masseurs and masseuses, curators, architects, fashion designers. They have started up businesses that would have been unthinkable five years ago such as La Marca where not only can you get a tattoo in the safest, most hygienic conditions but you can also see exhibitions and performances related to the skin arts.

And of course businesses are being set up in the field of computers and digital media. AlaMesa is the Cuban restaurant directory, which has become a respected platform for publicity and promotions; Isladentro is now known as the Cuban "Yelp," a cell phone app that allows you to use your phone in Cuba without connecting to the Internet and which also gives you a sort of directory of private businesses, museums, banks and hospitals as well as other places of interest; sites such as the pioneer Revolico or the more recent Bachecubano carry classified ads; digital magazines Vistar dedicated to show business, Garbos connecting you to fashion and others like D'Gustando on the culinary arts are all conceived, written and designed by recent computer science graduates and students, just like websites like Cachivache Media or El Toque. And of course there are all the Cell Phone Clinics which will repair any device and are managed by people under the age of thirty.

It is interesting and comforting to know that many of these young people aren't limiting themselves to reaping personal success—they also aspire to transmit their experiences to their contemporaries and they show a marked social consciousness that extends to their surroundings. For example, we have seen the cases of the Callejón de los Peluqueros and the La Moneda Cubana. Both have been involving hundreds of youngsters who are school and work drop-outs in a school-workshop, the former teaching hairdressing and the latter foodservices under the auspices of the Cuban Culinary Association, the Office of the Historian of the City and several private restaurants, all headed by La Moneda Cubana, hence



# The Anatomy of a Millennial

by **Jauretsi** 





What exactly is a Millennial? And why have they become so influential? To understand the mindset of this demographic, one must understand the social, political, and cultural climate they were born in. For starters, it is agreed that a Millennial is anyone officially born in the early 1980s through the early 2000s as the final birth years (the dawn of the Millennium, thus the title). I was born in the United States and I personally witnessed how a young generation matured at lightning speed while standing on a downtown street corner in Manhattan on the morning of September 11, 2001. It was the year of the terrorist attacks of 9-11, one of the most shocking events to happen in the US. It was marked by a sharp sense of trauma tinged with enlightenment. On that fateful day, some young Americans seemed to have slipped out of a coma from their everyday lives. Suddenly, the great world power was vulnerable. This birthed a new sense of curiosity and activism. Some would say the historical event is what "awoke the sleeping giant." Young people began engaging with politics, studying the news more, and seeking to understand the Middle East conflicts and the role of the US government in this whole chess game. As we headed to war, it was not good enough that our US President called the other side "evil" and America "good." Something didn't make sense and we didn't trust our leaders anymore, and so millions of young people got activated politically. It is because of this that some folks have nicknamed the Millennials "Generation 9-11". For the first time in decades, a massive demographic was mobilized to self educate themselves very fast, and begin engaging with their government, both on a local level and national level. These traits apply to more than Americans. For some, Generation 9-11 is without borders. There are other global youth cultures of the same age group who were equally affected by the attacks, the Iraq war, and terrorism.

It helps that Millennials are now considered the biggest demographic in the US, totaling 83 million people in the United States. It was because of this group's voting power that the US ushered in its first black president, Mr. Barack Obama. How did he do it? Obama was considered the first Digital President because he ran a smart campaign, full of clever social media language, hired young staffers who made politics approachable, and used digital strategy to speak to his new young voters in a way that had never been done before. The results were a success. Obama has remained the candidate for progressive minds and won a second term as US President, eventually announcing normalization talks with Raul Castro and opening the doors for reconciliation. Clearly, this age group has power.

Nicknamed the "Digital Natives," the Millennials are the first generation to grow up not only with a computer in their homes, but the younger ones have grown

up with a computer in their hands. If their parents (referred to as "Generation X") were raised with 25 television channels, the Millennials have always seen 250 TV channels, plus infinite programming on Netflix, Amazon, Hulu and Apple. Grandpa and grandma (known as the "Baby Boom generation") probably still have a hard time operating a microwave oven, while the youngest Millennials mastered an iPad at 10 years old. The advent of social media sites have also brought the world closer and tighter, therefore the xenophobia of their grandparents generation has vaporized into thin air. Suddenly, the mystery of our neighboring countries now have a face, thoughts, pets, actions, tastes, and cool music. It is these familiar faces we stare at through our Facebook screens in our laptops at home, be it in Cuba or the United States. It is easy to hate faceless people thousands of miles away, but impossible to deny our everyday familiarity once we have socialized online. It is said that the Millennials are less patriotic and more globally minded, and sometimes referred to as the "Global Generation." Because of social media, it is most likely the first generation to view the world as a smaller place, and thus feel the obligation of making the world a better place. Building a sense of community is a passionate goal for this demographic. It is quite possibly the reason they are also more culturally diverse, a mix of many races and ethnicities. It is this demographic that has also defended the rights of same-sex marriages, racial equality, and even transgender rights. For the modern Millennials, it is a human right to enjoy life in your own skin, no matter what race, creed, or sexual orientation one may have. Come as you are. You will be embraced.



So where does the "Cuban Millennial" fit into this equation? If American youth are seen as "Digital Natives," then Cuban youth could be seen as "Digital Tourists" with frequent visits to the world wide web, versus the American who is connected 24/7 around the clock. We have only seen the tip of the iceberg with Cuban Millennials. As Barack Obama pointed out in his visit to Cuba, when young minds have access to the Internet, they can change the world. Then he referenced Brian Chesky, a young man who came up with an idea out of his apartment online. His company, AirBnb is now worth 30 billion dollars. In addition to building a successful company, Brian left the world a better place, making world travel a bit less intimidating, and a bit more of an affordable, beautiful experience for his customer. The term "conscious capitalist" is aspired to by this generation with young CEO's in Silicon Valley having built-in philanthropic models within their successful operations. Once again, the Millennial mind will not rest until they feel instrumental in making the world a better place. If Kurt Cobain (of Nirvana) was a representative of Generation X, then Mark Zuckerberg (of Facebook) is a representative of Millennials. Both changed the world. While Kurt inspired a legion of fans to question authority and drop out of institutions, Mark Zuckerberg instead put his middle finger to the establishment by being constructive and building his own empire. It is a generation of not just questioning authority with a punk rock slant, but instead, finding solutions, be it for communication, or environmental issues, or world problems. There is an absence of pessimism that Generation X held onto. Somehow, from one generation to the next, the angst was replaced with optimism, even in the face of impending doom, such as global warming. Millennials keep it positive.

The Cuban Millennials have less technology, but they are sharper with their devices compared to the average American user (including myself). I tend to live in an automated world of iCloud settings, automatic downloads, and pre-determined settings in my world of Apple products. Cuban Millennials, however, are different and savvier with the little they have. One by one, I have noticed Cell Clinics opening up on every block in Cuba. These newly trained staffers know more about your phone than you do. In an instant, they can transfer all your numbers from one phone





to another. They can unblock your phone, jailbreak your phone, and offer up underground applications to make your existence in Cuba a better place. Capitalism allows for the customer to be accommodated at all times, which requires no extra thinking. Some US smartphones, for example, are programmed to switch to WiFi automatically when there is a WiFi signal in the room, and switch out of your phone plan to save you money. In Cuba, the landscape is opposite. Because the inconvenience of being online is so grand, it has consequently turned the Cuban Millennial into a thrifty scavenger, hawking WiFi signals as meticulously as possible. The challenges turns an everyday Cuban into a hacker of sorts, with knowledge of how to steal signals, locate blackmarket WiFi, increase broadband, know which towers to stand beside at which specific hour of the day in order to receive the best signal. If you can't figure it out, then your cell clinic friend can help you. A Cuban Millennial knows exactly how many Megabytes of information is uploading and downloading into their computer. Me? As an American, I can be pushing gigabytes in and out of my computer, and I wouldn't even know it. It is precisely this hyper-awareness of technology that I believe will make the Cuban excel in the digital industry once resources become more available. Once the leash is removed, watch out world! We expect the Cuban Millennials to make some great strides in the realms of technology.

In terms of social media, the American Millennial juggles multiple sites-Pinterest, Snapchat, Vine, Tumblr, LinkedIn, Instagram, Facebook, and more. The Cuban Millennial is a simple social creature online, mostly opting for Facebook only, for personal or business. When you have such few hours a day online, it is best to keep your social game tight (however I have noticed a rising trend in Cuban Instagrams within the last year). It is important to note that all the social media tools are not necessarily a blessing. Like a powerful weapon, it is necessary to know how to wield the sword for good or bad. On the one side, this has made us all a more globally connected community. On the other hand, too much internet and self-absorption can create a bloated case of narcissism. With the rise of Selfies in the past few years, it looks like the Millennials may have won the prize with most self-obsessed generation—I am speaking of both US and Cuban selfies. Sadly, the Millennials love seeing their own faces (and bodies) more than any other generation. Yes. There is a dark side to this overabundance of self-imagery.

Another double-edged sword is the sense of entitlement that a global Millennial could develop in a world of instant answers, 24 hour customer service, and 1 hour delivery services from the web. Millennials want it fast and they want it now. Look at Instagram launched in 2010. With a few taps on your phone screen, you can follow any world event happening live through the use of hashtags. Who needs newspapers when you can comb through your Instagram feed for immediate images? Millennial Co-founder Kevin Systrom earned \$1 billion dollars when Facebook bought Instagram in 2012. This has created thousands of new App entrepreneurs looking for the same payoff in the same short amount of time. It is a restless generation that has little understanding for patience and waiting, yet at the same time, the world's best inventions have been created by this age group.

The buying power is unparalleled. Officially named the largest demographic in the United States, advertisers and marketers are tripping over themselves trying to get this gargantuan market to buy their products. This has added an extra value to the Millennial mind, thereby making their opinion important due to their consumer value. Because they are advertised to 100 times a day (in the train, on their phones, on TV, at the store, on the street, etc) they have developed a better "bullshit radar" for insincere messaging, and consequently, they demand authenticity. Another repercussion to being bombarded with advertising and entertainment is also the fact that American Millennials have very short attention spans (usually shorter than eight seconds). The Cuban attention span is

longer due to less stimuli bombing of advertising and entertainment all day long. Then again, with less TV channels and hectic videogames, comes boredom. I'm not sure which one is worse, but for now, the Cuban Millennial breed is very different than the American breed in terms of holding focus on one particular thought at a time. The Paquete and all its overwhelming content is challenging this notion right now.

Another characteristic specifically assigned to the Millennial is the ability to find their careers a little later in life. It is important to remember the economic seeds of this phenomenon AKA "The Peter Pan" generation (this is not a reference to Cuba's Peter Pan exodus in the 1960s. instead, it is a reference to the mythological figure of a boy who refused to grow up). Due to "The Great Recession" of the 2000s, both American and European Millennials saw a rise of youth unemployment. It is because of this that Millennials grew a distrust of institutions and corporate companies that let them down, jumping from job to job in a chaotic market. For the first time, this meant more young people in the United States were living longer with their parents. Traditionally, American youth moves out of their home at 18 years old to get their own apartment. For the first time, this new generation experienced alarming college bills, impossible loans to pay back, and unattainable health insurance. For the American Millennial, instead of taking a job they didn't like, it became more acceptable to delay marriage and build a "startup" company from your parents' home. For young Cubans, it is not shameful to remain in your family home at 38 years old, supported by your parents. The New York Times, however, points to another trend in Cuban Millennials, which is their newfound delay in having children in order to follow their career dreams. It seems both demographics are focusing career and selfhappiness instead of rushing into the institution of marriage or family. This reinforces the other nickname for Millennials-the "me generation."



It is this "me, me, me" approach to life that makes this generation a bit of a conflicted one internally. On the one-hand, it is very civicminded, and the other, it can border on narcissism-from Brian Chesky to Justin Beiber, it is a mixed bunch. Like any demographic, they will need to soul search and find their best selves in the continuum of generations to leave their footprint. So far, the positive role models have made enormous strides in world history. To continue the theory of the shrinking universe, it has been reported that 46% of American Millennials are looking to visit Cuba (according to Fox Business News). That's almost 40 million US Millennials seeking to merge and befriend the Island's demographic for a bit of a cultural tango. One of the strongest qualities of a Millennial spirit is their nomadic hunger for travel and adventure. What better place for an adventure than Cuba, a place where anything can happen and usually does? Viva the Millennials and the global group hug they all so desire. It's a small [and better] world, after all.





Let's say you are 30 years old. OK, 30 something. Or maybe a little less, and you are still navigating in the waters of the twenties. Now sociologists, psychologists and even anthropologists are starting to look at you with their magnifying glass, as if you were some weird insect. They start poking at you with their rubber-fingered gloves, that is, whenever they dare poke at you at all. They attempt the impossible task of trying to classify you because everything you do, every minimum detail of your life, appears to them as if it was a changeable anomaly, something extraordinary or, even worse, something totally unintelligible.

So what is it that interests the scientists so much? It's because you are provocatively acting very near the edge or definitely on the other side of that statistical red line, which they have taken so many years, so many hours, sitting in their exact laboratories to put together.

Fighting anything that is expected, you have been busy stretching the boundaries of anything you can during the short span of your teenage years, in fact you have been even enjoying it. You have also been immersed in taking very lightly that thing everyone else calls "work." If your parents viewed work as "sacred," "a sacrifice" or a sort of altar upon which they should lay down their premature adulthood during long, hard hours every day, then you, in contrast, see work as something that shouldn't tire you out so much. Or at least it should barely tire you out; in fact, you should like doing it. And if you don't like doing it you should abandon it immediately, fluttering away without a second thought: no guilt, no regrets.

And you also leave home to live on your own, or with your partner without even getting married. Marriage doesn't concern you too much, not now. You feel far removed from the imperious and primordial necessity of starting a family that your parents felt, much like it was the be-all and end-all to everything on this earth. That is just one example of how you find solutions "outside of the box."

Unsatisfied with all those signs, add the fact that you live surrounded by devices. Your parents managed with hammers and nails, saws and pliers, set squares and their calloused hands; but you want nothing to do with that. You wander around with your ubiquitous laptop slung over your shoulder and your right hand poised on your cell phone that never ceases to call for your attention. And that's not even mentioning the IPod, Tablet, ear-phones and any other tactile novelty that has appeared as if by magic on the market. For everyone else, you are called by the name of Millennials. And here comes the crunch: do we really have any Cuban Millennials?

It's complicated: there has to be a different measuring tape for Cubans. How on earth can you leave home on an island where there is a housing shortage? It's a miracle when Cubans manage to do this. How can you update all the apps for your devices when the Internet is hard to get, and when you get it, it's slow and also expensive? But it can be done. Yes, it can be done and all you need is the rare quality of being Cuban. We even have all those IPods, Tablets and Macintosh marvels even without having the market that sells them.

I would dare to say more: I have heard of a very Cuban architect who lives in London, surprising her young British colleagues when she opened her laptop and started to work. They were all amazed at her very up-to-date



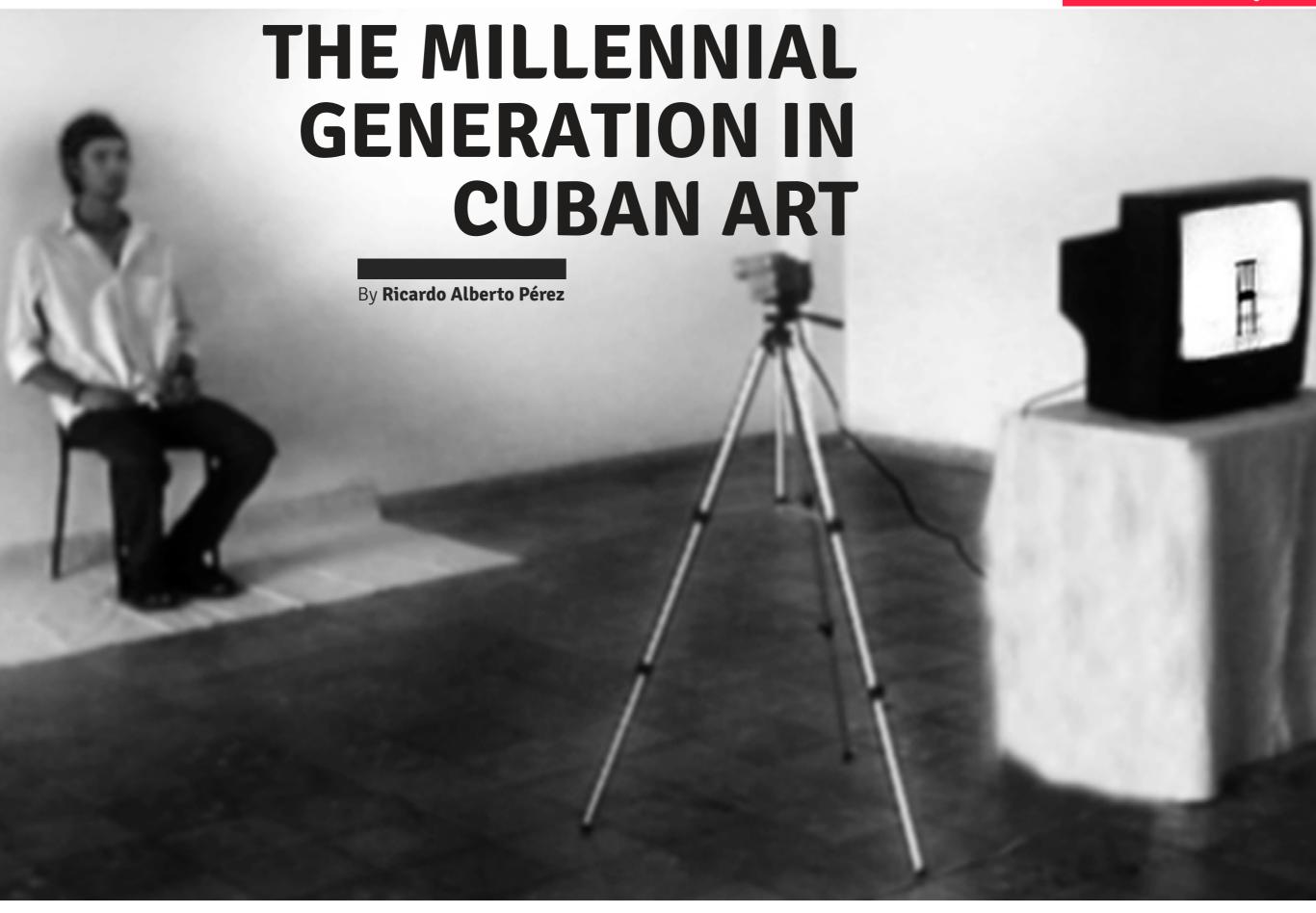


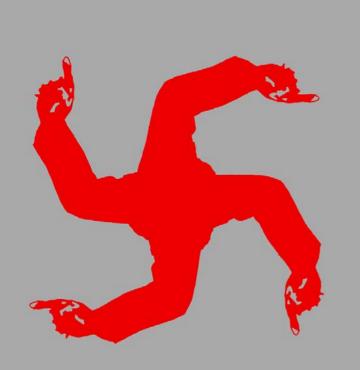
programs because it was all too expensive for them to have something like that. Of course our Cuban hadn't paid a cent for it all. All the stuff had been pirated, gotten on the black market. As devastating as the US blockade on Cuba is, there are some twists and turns and shortcuts to be had. When markets and their laws are so distant, the penalties for violating them are also distant and even impossible.

And that's how it is. The gaping technological breach, as deep and as wide as it is, becomes much smaller when you have the desire and the need to leap over it. Cuban artists, entrepreneurs and young people are a little like hungry dogs: they sniff around as much as they want, wherever they want, going through the back doors, anywhere where others may find it to be too much.

If seeking out solutions "outside of the box" seems to be the common factor linking all Millennials no matter where they are, it is the trademark of Cubans. It is their denomination of origin, their genetic map and the light of their souls.

We all know that Cubans are practically beings from another galaxy, another dimension or another race. It couldn't be any other way because more than half a century of shortages, Cold War (that has really not ended for us), blockade, difficulties and having to invent solutions on a daily basis has not only taught us, it has forced us to live outside of the box.





### **Das ewige Gesetz**

**Reinier Leyva Novo Mauricio Abad** BIG BRO'I'HKK El reality show más visto del planeta

Within the different Cuban artistic media these days, we can talk about the presence of a generation of people made up of those who were born in the 1980s through the early 2000s, the universally identified Millennials, or Generation Y. Other alternative names are being attributed to them, like Generation We, Global Generation, Generation next, Echo Boomers, the Net Generation or Digital Natives.

These Cuban artists are aware that everything they do is placed within the context that was marked by the disappearance of the USSR and Socialist Europe. Therefore, their experience of having to grow up in a Cuba which has had to reorganize itself in the world in order to maintain its social system has indubitably affected their behavior, the nature of their aspirations and the quality of their concepts.

In order to put our finger on this phenomenon, we will start by citing several examples in the visual arts. In Cuba this field has acquired a sort of thermometer for our reality. The names of Mauricio Abad, Reinier Leyva Novo, Mabel Poblet and Grethell Rasúa immediately come to mind as clear examples of what could be called new creative sensibilities capable of overcoming barriers and limitations with great spontaneity and litheness.

In Mauricio Abad's most well-known work, he attempts to legitimize spaces for the community in this new millennium. In some cases he turns to his peers to take part in his projects. Reinier Leyva Novo confronts history free of any prejudices or taboos and minus all solemnity, offering the possibility of a more sincere and attractive relationship with it.



Mabel Poblet's charm rests in her associating herself with the capacity to deal with such time-tested topics as emigration and memory, using a new, enriching viewpoint that contributes exciting ideas. Grethell Rasúa is an audacious artist who presents us with pieces that invite viewers to have a more normal relationship with their bodies, especially with the fluids emanating from them.

Looking at the photography being created by this young Cuban generation of artists, we are struck by the radical demystification of subject matter and scenarios, even of their very own bodies that often provide them with subjects. It is a growing obsession to emphasize the transformations becoming visible on the urban scene. Just one example is the work of Rodney Batista (born in Havana in 1988)—he has a unique manner of approaching the complex and ancient subject of death.

When we sift through literature and the theater, we observe that there have been many new authors in both of these fields. Notable cases are those of Rogelio Orizondo in theater and Legna Rodríguez in literature. Orizondo's work shows moving depth as he examines new problems with a gift of being able to universalize conflicts which have previously seemed to be somewhat local. Legna Rodríguez's poetry and narratives deal with sexuality in a totally new way within our literary tradition. Her boldness ends up seeming to be as innocent as it is intense, completely charming her readers.

Within the varied and at times contradictory realm of Cuban music, I am impressed with how young performers have taken the lead in spreading and popularizing a genre such as jazz. It is surprising to see how quickly they grow and become established figures. The list of musical artists is almost endless but we have to mention a few: Jorge Luis Pacheco, Harold López-Nussa, Michel Herrera, Ariel Brínguez, Emir Santa Cruz and Janio Abreu.

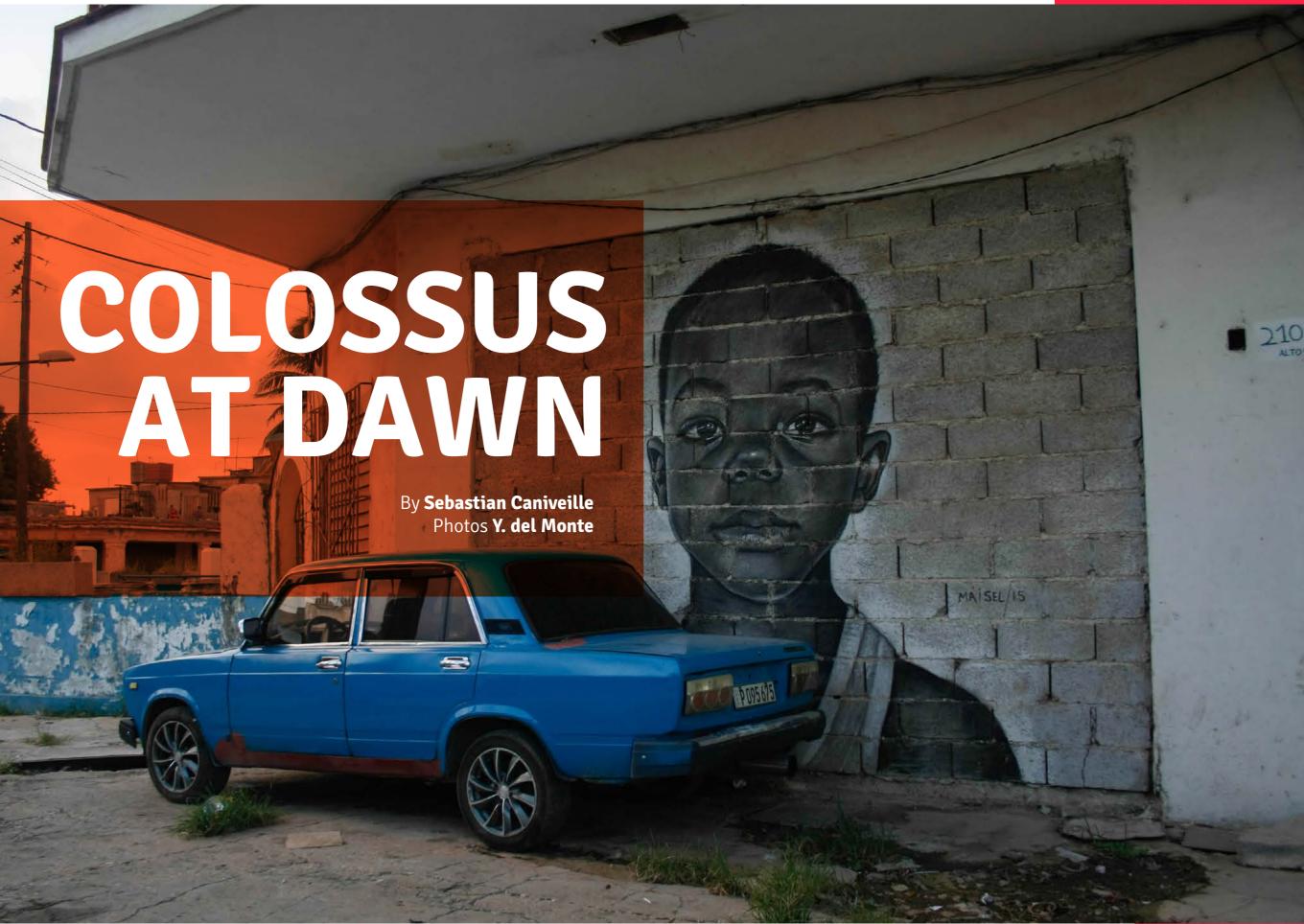


In the case of the National Ballet of Cuba, pervaded with extraordinary professionalism and the willingness for sacrifice, dancers are exhibiting their ability to insert themselves into foreign dance companies after some very satisfactory adaptation processes. We can cite the particular cases of Hayna Gutiérrez, Romel Frómeta, Yolanda Correa and Víctor Gilí.

And in the audiovisual world, Cuba's Millennials are already leaving their mark. The subjects broached and the manner in which the problems are approached form the basis of their new esthetic arguments. Without any doubt, Carlos Lechuga is a genuine representative of this group of filmmakers. Despite his youth, he has received numerous awards at international

film festivals. His work is indicative of a cinema which is genuinely renewing in spirit. If there is anything I am absolutely sure of, it's that the forward thrust being given by these young creators is contributing to create and develop new spaces that will give the unceasing dialogue of Cuban culture the opportunity to stay alive and healthy and continue into the future







Some distance after you cross the Almendares River and just before you leave Playa municipality, in that part of Playa that most people think is Marianao, you can see a series of portraits of children painted on some high walls that belong to nobody in particular. The residents of the area have been impressed by them, and I include myself among them.

These faces of girls and boys seemed to appear overnight. Painted in a monochromatic scheme of black and white, they are gigantic, colossal images occupying space on old walls which have lost their original colors. For a while now these walls have been discolored. Grey on grey: not that old hackneyed white on white which is more aged and decadent than those greying walls.

Pure and simple life, not a single drop of color, no over-the-top shininess...just that. It is pure life that surges from the eyes of those humble children, smiling shyly. It surprises the unsuspecting passers-by and erases the emptiness of those walls. Grey on grey. Grey which, for once, illuminates.

The name of the artist is Maisel López. Born in Havana in 1985 and a graduate of the San Alejandro National Academy of Fine Arts, he has said: "Many things may still be expressed through the representation of a face. The face of every individual bears a specific layout which makes it unique and unrepeatable. I do what I must to be able to capture these individual essences and translate them into art."

When I talked to the residents of the area they gave me the exact indications for where each portrait is located. They tell me that the macabre myth going around that they have been inspired by children who suffered traffic accidents isn't true. In fact, I am given the precise addresses of the children who appear on the walls.

There is one more detail they tell me about, something I wouldn't even have imagined. These portraits have been retouched! From time to time some of them have become damaged; the paint has been scraped off here and there. And then they reappear perfectly new, as if nothing had ever happened to them.

In other words, behind these portraits there is an artist who is like no other. Not only does he paint and propose new works, he also determinedly looks after the task of maintenance, of looking after what has been painted, of sustaining the light with which he gave new life to these walls and to the neighborhood.

In his own words: "These images are a constant reminder of the courage of children involved in building a nation. Cuba is passing through a phase when we are trying to build a better future and children are one of the fundamental pillars holding up the dream we are aiming for."

As I look around at any street or street corner in this city, the gesture (or rather the exploit) of Máisel López, the creator of these portraits, seems to be a cry, an alarm or an urgent call for the beauty that is so lacking in our lives.





text by **Patricia Font** 



When the artist Wilfredo Prieto exhibited his by now unforgettable half full or half empty glass of water in Madrid, he managed to leave fifty percent of his viewers astounded and the other fifty percent thirsty. This happened a bit more than a year ago and it will be talked about for a long time. The reason why it will continue to generate public opinion is that more than a daring or provocative proposition, it was primarily a very simple one, which was as transparent as the glass or the water it contained, elementary like most of his work.

Tagged with a price of 20,000 Euros, it was initially about to be bought by someone who reserved the piece and at the last minute reneged on their enthusiasm. What could have caused that potential buyer to get cold feet about their desire to take home a half-filled glass of water? I guess we shall never know the answer to that question, but at least once, since its conception in 2006, a buyer has been seriously interested in acquiring it.

That was the year the artist exhibited the piece called "Grease, Soap and Banana" in a gallery at the Santa Clara Convent. Once again, only crude reality composed his creation: a banana, a bar of soap and grease spilling out over the floor. Nothing else, except for the comings and goings of the waiters as they carried in the delicious buffet to the numerous guests.

This artist, born in 1978 in Zaza del Medio, Sancti Spíritus Province, has defined himself as a "realist" since he aims to find contents which are already contained in reality. He works with unadulterated reality, thereby avoiding the possibility of some trademark identifying the creations as his own. Perhaps that's where one of his critics' weakest arguments come from: the notion that "anyone could have done it." Of course, they are forgetting something obvious: maybe anyone could have done it, but it was not just anyone, it was simply Wilfredo Prieto.

The bad press his glass of water received dissolves in an instant when, returning to what his detractors have written about him, we realize that nine times out of ten the criticism centered not on the idea or form or concept being formulated by Prieto with that half-filled glass but on the sale price. Reducing Prieto's concept to just a glass containing water,

stripping it of any idea or reflection about it, would be akin to trying to reduce Wifredo Lam's The Jungle to mere kraft paper and charcoal.

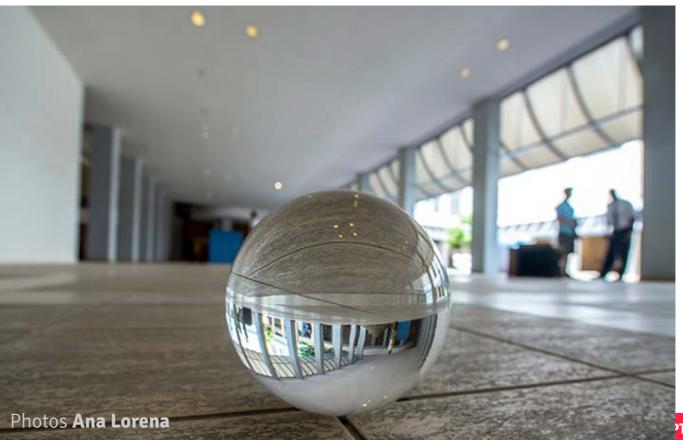
Prieto belongs to a generation that uses everything, whatever he has close at hand, and that's not much, other than the sudden discovery that the world is a wide, foreign space. A generation born between two centuries and raised in an era where walls were falling and symbols became banalities and who have this viewpoint about everything. Nothing is that important and nothing lasts. Only the here and now counts in a world that is changing at the rate of over twenty-four times per second, and they seem to be doing well with it.

His work—perhaps even in spite of himself—present us with a portrait of such a world and seem to be made to measure. They are like those selfies where the protagonists lose their value, dissolving and becoming nothing in the sight of all the generalized disaster that seeps into the picture.

Neither good nor bad-criteria that are useless when applied to such a phenomenon—it is a sure thing that the marks Prieto is leaving in his wake will remain there, bearing witness to an era and a lifestyle where a glass half-filled with water can cost 20,000 Euros, although nobody has bought it.







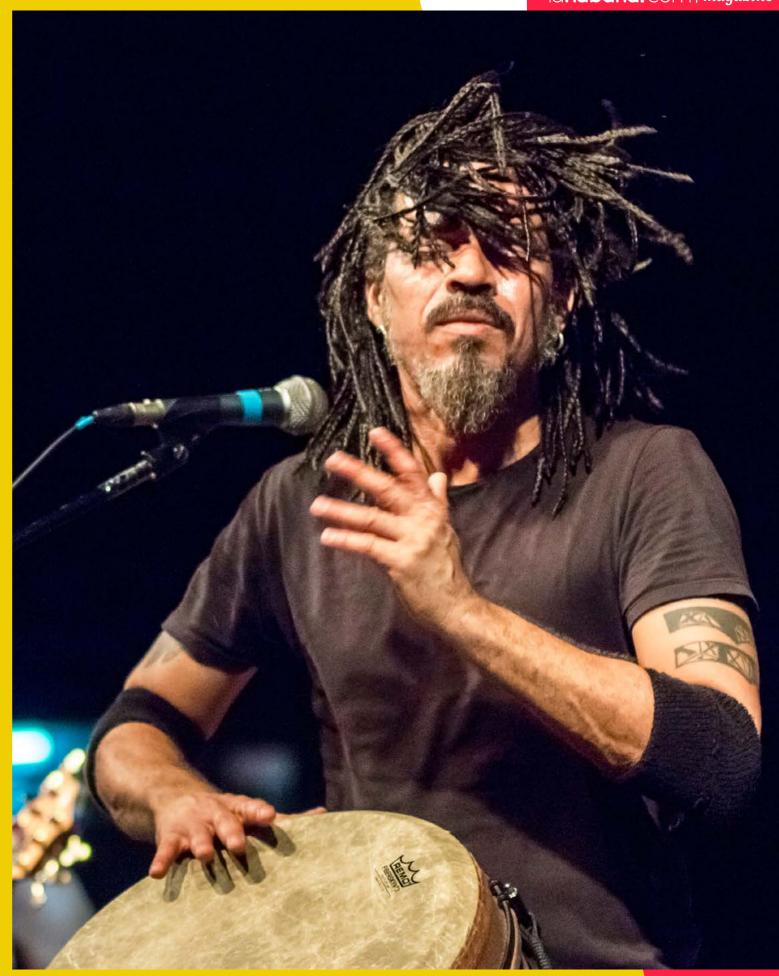


For X Alfonso, art is as natural as life itself. He was born in Havana on September 13, 1972 into a family founded by Carlos Alfonso and Ele Valdes, the creators and leaders of the legendary band Síntesis. Between the influences of the family environment and his own talent, X Alfonso's life has always revolved around creative processes. His first musical foundations were laid at the Manuel Saumell Conservatory and he then went on to study at ENA, the national arts school, where he trained as a classical pianist. At the school he also had the opportunity to work with students in other specialties such as the visual arts, dance and theater thereby forming his idea that music and art should interrelate as one art form, something that would mark his future work. Right from his student days he was composing music for exhibitions, graduation ceremonies and plays.

He graduated from ENA in 1990 and his first professional job was with his parents' band. He also was a member of the rock band Havana with Iván Latour and Osamu Menéndez, extremely popular with young people at that time. The economic difficulties of the 90s were also a deciding factor on the artist's trajectory: from that point he worked with the belief that one should do everything possible with what was at hand instead of complaining about shortages.

He and his father Carlos Alfonso composed the score for the Sergio Giral film Maria Antonia, which in 2000 won the Coral Award for the Best Soundtrack at the New Latin American Film Festival. His success as composer for film scores continued into 2001 when along with Esteban Puebla and his father Carlos, he composed the soundtrack for Humberto Solas' Miel para Ochún; he also received the Goya Award in 2005 for Best Original Music for the Habana Blues soundtrack.

X is a bass player, arranger, singer and musical producer. He collaborates with musicians such as Santiago Feliú, Amaury Pérez, Carlos Varela, Roberto Carcassés, Cecilia Noel, Montell Jordan, Mi Shell Nge O'Cello, Asian Dub Foundation, and others.





In November 1999 he recorded his first solo album entitled Mundo Real with Brazilian Velas Records, writing and arranging all the numbers. This album was followed by others that have been characterized for their variety in terms of genres and musical styles. "I record whatever comes out of me. Sometimes it is symphonic, other times it is more fusion: there is rock'n'roll and sometimes it is more techno," he tells us. "One day, in Spain, I started to listen to a recording of Beny Moré's greatest hits. I learned all the numbers and then I started "crazying them up." What was bound to happen happened. But you can't imagine everything that went on before that," he tells us as he talks about X Moré, his tribute album to singer Beny Moré.\* When we asked him about his formula for success. X said that in his opinion it is the subject matter of his music that really holds an attraction for people. "Whatever I do has to excite me, so that it can turn on people."

With Havana, X produced his first music video as editor and producer of audio visual material. He has produced videos for Síntesis, for his sister M Alfonso, for himself and for other musicians. Along such lines, he made Sin título, an Italian-produced documentary which opened at the Mella Theater in Havana with musicians, theater people, dancers and visual artists brought together by X to interact amongst each other and with the audience. The theme of the documentary was to show artists as human beings, beyond their public images. This vision of working on the same event and with the same purpose with artists from different media was the spark that saw the birth of Fábrica de Arte Cubano (Cuban Art Factory), a project that was headquartered in the PABEXPO Exhibition Center from mid-2010 and carried on its activities there for almost two years. Known also by its initials "FAC," the "factory" is a family-run cultural business. According to X, it aims to give Cubans a meeting place where the best of the Island's avant-garde arts can be enjoyed, with all the artistic manifestations under the same roof and with prices making it accessible to the majority of Cubans.

In 2011, under the FAC label, X released the album Reverse, which was offered free of charge to anyone with a flash memory. Since that same year, X had been involved in finding a new physical location for FAC, some place that would truly belong to it and that did not have to depend on others to schedule its artistic calendar. Finally they found the perfect spot in the former El Cocinero cooking oil factory on the corner of 11th and

26th streets in El Vedado. It is there that we find X kindly waiting for us for this interview. He doesn't speak much. I'm surprised to find him rather shy. He talks passionately about FAC and how they have managed to turn it into a project that involves the entire community, bringing together not only professional artists but those who have to become artists every day in order to earn

their living, the self-employed, children and the elderly. Just as we are finishing, he gets a phone call. He has to leave early to pick up one of his daughters. X is also the proud father of two girls, one ten and the other sixteen. So our last glimpse of the singer is of a man running out the door while turning to answer our last question: How do you manage to do so many things all at the same time? "By doing it," he says.



\* Beny Moré (1919-1963). One of the most transcendental Cuban musicians. His huge interpretive range and innate capacity for musical composition places him at the summit of Cuban cultural phenomena. His records continue to be enjoyed and his life is the stuff of legend.



Thirty-year-old Danay Suárez Fernández's first performance took place when she was 15, having been invited to join other renowned hip-hop artists in a concert held at the Nacional Theater. That day, self-taught Danay, overwhelmed by the amount of people in the theater, sang with her back to the audience, hoping no one would realize how nervous she was. Nerves got the best of her in her first appearance, but she wasn't about to give up her dream.

It all began when she was in high-school and a classmate introduced her to hip-hop, rap and reggae. Influenced by that kind of music, after graduating as an IT technician, she began to go to rap concerts. Because it was ideal to express what she wanted to say, as it gave her "freedom of speech and consistency between her words and her attitude," Danay started rapping 'by accident,' as she rhymed about the things that mattered the most to her. Rap also gave her the opportunity to meet, work and share with people who still believe in love and art, including Aldo Rodríguezone of the most celebrated underground rappers and member of Los Aldeanos-who helped her produce and record her own songs. She also appeared on the documentary Calle Real 70 together with many other underground Cuban hip-hop artists with whom she has also collaborated, like Papá Humbertico, Raudel, Explosión Suprema, Anónimo Consejo, Krudas, Magyorie Epg and El Lápiz. She still fondly remembers their sleepless nights together, rapping, rhyming and improvising, and acknowledges that rap is more like her habitat, her element, where she can be herself.

In 2007, fearless Danay gathered her demos and showed up at the house of Cuban fusion superstar X Alfonso for "he was the only person in Cuba who I thought would understand what I wanted to do" and said to him, "You don't know me, here's my music, listen to it. If you need a backup singer, give me a call." A few days later she received a call from X and they have been working together ever since.



Under X's wing she met many musicians, did her first tours, experimented with new sounds, improved her technique and became acquainted with the concept of "show," but most of all, she improved her stage presence, which helped launch her solo career.

Danay, who is still surprised to have shared the stage with renowned artists such as Hernán López Nussa, Omara Portuondo and Roberto Carcassés, has pointed out, "I've never said I'm a rapper," and defines herself as a regular person who expresses what she's feeling through her songs. But despite her statements, she's been described as being more a rapper than an R&B singer and is considered by many as "the Queen of Latin Rap." Additionally, her fans have referred to her



as "the representative of conscious female Cuban hip-hop with the most exquisite voice and the most intelligent lyrics," as well as, "being on a par with the greatest Spanishspeaking urban poets." However, she feels very passionate about jazz and has made it clear that she'd love to be a jazz singer, "I can rap and sing, but the truth is I wish I was a jazz singer and could develop that style. I haven't done it because I don't have the musical skills, but I'll get there some day. I've got it inside of me."

Her love for jazz took her to Havana Cultura Sessions, an album that was the product of improvisation, in the style of the 1960's jam sessions in Cuba, and was recorded together with British DJ Jack Peterson and renowned jazz pianist Roberto Fonseca, who said when he first heard her sing in the studio: "How come I didn't know about the best singer in Cuba?!" After their tour of Europe with Danay singing and Fonseca at the piano, they have continued to work together, as evidenced by her most recent album, Palabras Manuales, produced by Fonseca. This record is, in her own words, "a mix of both" hip-hop and jazz.

A Cuerda Viva Award Winner for Best Alternative Music Group, Danay Suárez is partially happy with the media exposure she and other alternative music artists have had in Cuba. She cares more, however, about people being able to feel what she's trying to convey. "What I'd like is to have the strength so that my work can go hand in hand with my ideals of love, honesty, modesty and values, and to make people reflect on and feel moved by what I have to say."



# **A** Belated Playlist for CUBAN MILLENNIALS by Ana Fernández Putting together a playlist of Cuban music is never an easy task. It's harder when you're dealing with music that has invaded my generation's list for years. And it's even harder if we take into account the fact that we don't all have the same taste. Therefore, the playlist that follows is not one that will make everyone happy. In a nutshell, this is merely a suggested playlist. If you can recognize yourself in it or it takes you by surprises, great.



## SON IGUALES. Habana Abierta

For people in my generation, Habana Abierta began being a legend. This group had revolutionized more than one concept since its peñas on 3rd 8th streets. Then they took off for Madrid and we only heard echoes of what was being played across the Pond. Some of us were lucky enough to see them in 2003 and others saw them in 2012. Both concerts took place at La Tropical. It's rock 'n' roll with spine-tingling drums. "Son iguales" is one of the tracks on the album called Boomerang

## **CURANDERA.** Kelvis Ochoa

Although many of Kelvis Ochoa's more popular numbers were born out of the Habana Abierta repertoire, others became viral when they hit the streets. "Curandera" from the album Inflamación Kélvica is one of these. It's de rigueur at every one of his concerts and is clearly ensconced on this list. #TheGreatestThingsInLife.





## CALLEJÓN SIN LUZ. Carlos Varela

The gnome of Cuban trova. Always dressed in black from head to toes, Carlos Varela is famous for taking the fears, passions and dreams of an entire generation and turning them into songs. This number in particular strikes me as a "silent" paean to all the lost loves in the world.



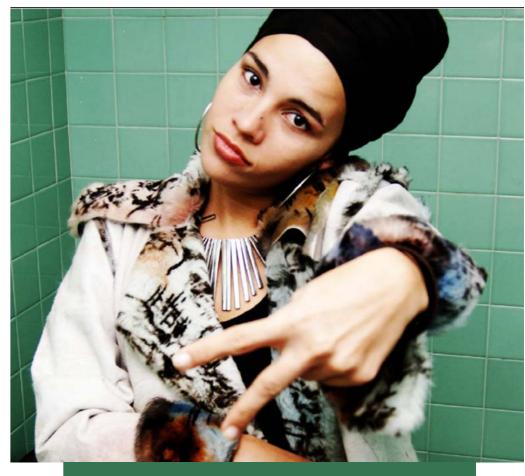
## CHICA CUBANA. Interactivo

Interactivo is not exactly a band in the true sense of the word, and yet it is all the bands put together. Led by Robertico Carcassés it has included artists like Yusa, Telmary, Francis del Río, William Vivanco, etcetera, etcetera, etcetera, ad infinitum. The highly contagious music takes you from jazz to rumba, fused with rock 'n' roll, in any rhythm they can possibly imagine.



# **INVENTARIO.** David Torrens

David Torrens' presence on this Playlist is no surprise. There is something in his voice that encapsulates unbridled passion as much as it does melancholy. But the surprise could well be the choice of "Inventario," one of the lesser known numbers on the Mi poquita fe CD. The David we hear begins by enumerating what he has lost and he keeps building up the tone and the sadness and, perhaps, the guilt is here to take apart our dreams.



# SUEÑO BRUJO. Telmary

Rap with rumba and son. Rap with Afro-Cuban roots. All that and more. That's what Telmary Díaz's first album, A diario, is all about. We could have selected other numbers for this List (maybe "Ves" featuring Kumar, or "Pa' que vuelva"), but "Sueño" injects a modicum of flamenco into the album and shows us the necessity of dreams.



# PARA BÁRBARA. Santiago Feliú

Santy Feliú, the enormous southpaw of Cuban Nueva Trova, just has to be on the List. As if he had never left us (it's been a little over two years since he passed away), the songs "Futuro inmediato," "Ay, la vida" or "Vida" reverberate through several generations. "Para Bárbara" is unquestionably one of the most beautiful songs of all time in Cuban music.



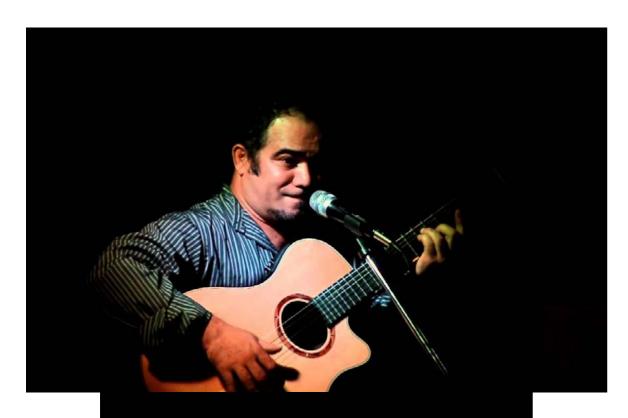
## ANA. Trío Enserie

From the heartland of our Island, the Trío Enserie (now defunct) composed of trovador s Roly Berrío, Levis Aliaga and Raúl Cabrera, made this song into a hymn that is still being sung by many trovador s at their peñas in the city of Santa Clara. In the voices of singersongwriters who perform at that city's cultural center El Mejunje, "Ana" has been played and sung in countless versions.



## SÉ FELIZ. Gema & Pável

One day in 1990, Gema Corredera and Pável Urkiza started singing together. They went on to write songs and record together. Songs in which traditional Cuban music, filin, the Brazilian beat, rumba or the blues, in their pure state or fused together, gave nostalgia an extraordinary dimension. Just in case loneliness embitters their soul.



# **BUCANERO.** Ray Fernández

A chef by trade and self-employed trovador, Ray Fernández holds mass every Thursday at the Diablo Tun Tun piano-bar at the Miramar Casa de la Música. Whoever has been there can attest to the fact that this is the best jam-session anywhere in Havana. "Bucanero" is an urgent chronicle about the economic and social changes in Cuba, practically written into the program at every peña.

# TE DOY UNA CANCIÓN. Silvio Rodríguez

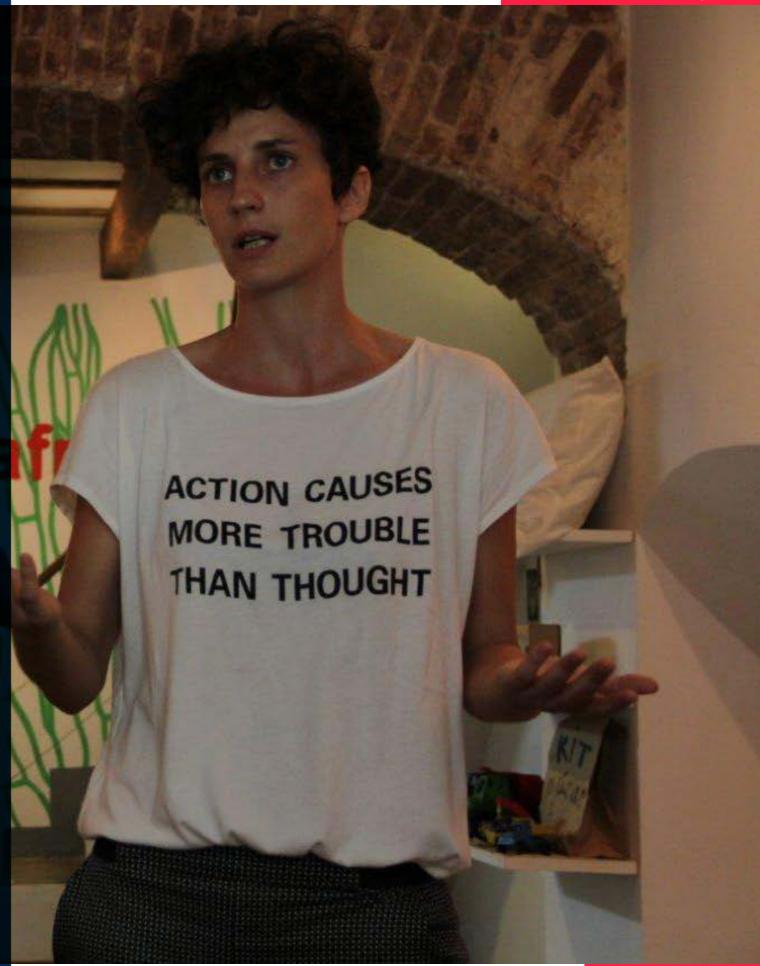
Silvio is a pioneer, a painter, a philosophy of life, a wild rose, a corner penetrated by a single ray of sunlight, a seashell, a happy day, the homeland. A playlist without Silvio is not really a playlist and concluding with him is like ending up with the bittersweet taste of things that end too soon. "Te doy una canción" is nothing more than an excuse to add all of his other songs.



# IDANIA DEL RÍO: A TRUE-BLUE MILLENNIAL DESIGNER

By **Ricardo Alberto Pérez** Photos **Y. del Monte** 

Thirty-four-year-old Idania del Río captured the limelight during President Obama's visit to the Island in March 2016 when he met with young Cuban entrepreneurs. Not only because the President wanted to buy a couple of t-shirts for daughters Malia and Sasha, but because in little over a year, what started out as a two-woman t-shirt shop has become a project with 14 employees and it is now creating over 25 different products.



I once ventured the opinion that design has become the prime mover in our lives. On this occasion, it is fitting to mention the work of a unique designer by the name of Idania del Río. Despite her youth, she has achieved a fair amount of notoriety in the design field-her knowledgeseeking nature, enthusiasm and perseverance have resulted in the birth of a number of ideas and projects that become remarkably useful within the context of our times.

I met Idania about four years ago at the Eleventh Havana Art Biennale. I immediately was struck by her extraordinary sensibility for the arts, the lucidity of her views and especially her desire to involve herself in these kinds of activities. We hadn't seen each other since that time, but have some friends in common and they talked to me a bit about a part of her work. I became convinced that she was one of those artists who created from the gut, going from the most inner part of the individual and surfacing with novel ideas.

As I went over her trajectory I learned that she graduated from Graphic Design and Visual Communication from Havana's Higher Institute of Industrial Design, ISDi for short, in 2004. Then she wound her way through other fields, diverse and controversial ones, such as the Nuevos Fieras painting workshop run by Rocío García at the San Alejandro Academy in 2012, an art direction course at the International School of Cinema and TV (EICTV) at San Antonio de los Baños in 2009 and Piedra, papel o tijera, a design workshop promoted by Isidro Ferrer at the Cultural Center of Spain in 2003. Immersing herself in these areas confirms her fascination for a plurality of languages that she can incorporate into her projects to give them a touch of contemporaneousness.

In order to understand her art, all we have to do is look at the posters she has been creating recently. They provide us with the ideal entry into her world. These posters carry a heavy dose of subjectivity, giving viewers the chance to reach a variety of interpretations and in this way participate in her work—it is a dialogue with a multitude of symbols.

These posters have given Idania her current recognition level in the circuits of Cuban design. She has concentrated on the theater and music being made in Cuba today. In both cases, she has chosen to deal with alternative projects, or maybe it is those projects that have chosen her





because they know she is top-notch. The theater of Rogelio Orizondo, one of Cuba's most talented and audacious young directors and playwrights, has become one of her most striking subjects.

Given her visible capacity of approaching several topics, her posters also deal with the cinema, promotional campaigns for the defense of gender rights, and art events. But there is also an entire body of work where she divorces herself from the task of promotion and lets the posters speak for themselves. Here, she usually makes use of parody, of a subtly ironic language that

explores areas concerning popular speech. In my opinion, her posters become inserted in a graphic art with notable political connotation and social impact.

It is important to note that Idania del Río has reached this position thanks to her intellectual consistency and theoretical training. In this context, she has lectured both in Cuba and abroad: "Invisible Lines" at Cubanica Studio in New York, 2014; "Mi historia esa," at the Tether inc. offices in Seattle in 2014; and "Cuba Gráfica" together with some other Cuban designers at an event at the École d'Art Maryse Eloy / Gobelins, L'Ecole de l'Image, Paris, 2012.

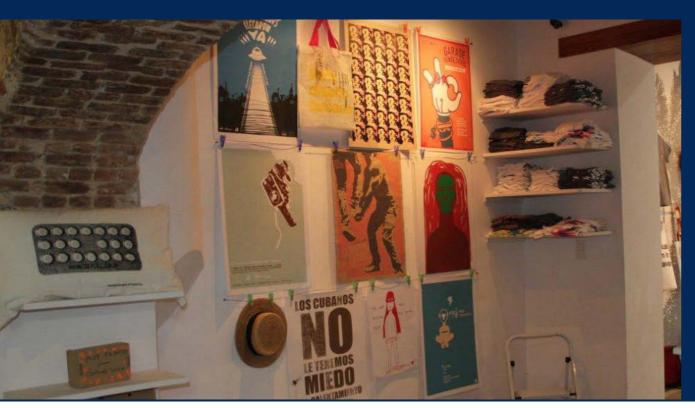
Her talent and productivity have now been inserted into a location that we are able to visit on calle Villegas No. 403, a stone's throw away from Plaza del Cristo, in Havana's Historical Center. Idania del Río has created a design shop called Clandestina. It has granted tangible physical presence to her vision of design and to the role it should be playing in society, incorporating as many designers as possible. Specialist in cultural management and creative industries, Leire Fernández, accompanies her in this adventure as production manager of Clandestina. Initiatives of this sort are projects with creative processes having remarkable esthetic and conceptual merit.

They are enterprises that will surely breathe life into a jaded commercial scenario generally only responding to necessity.

After wandering around Clandestina for a while and taking in the clothing and other objects available, I understood the spirit of the place. It is an invitation for reflection, providing good taste and unique designs in a positive and somewhat whimsical vein and at the same time functions as a factory-workshop for the products being offered.

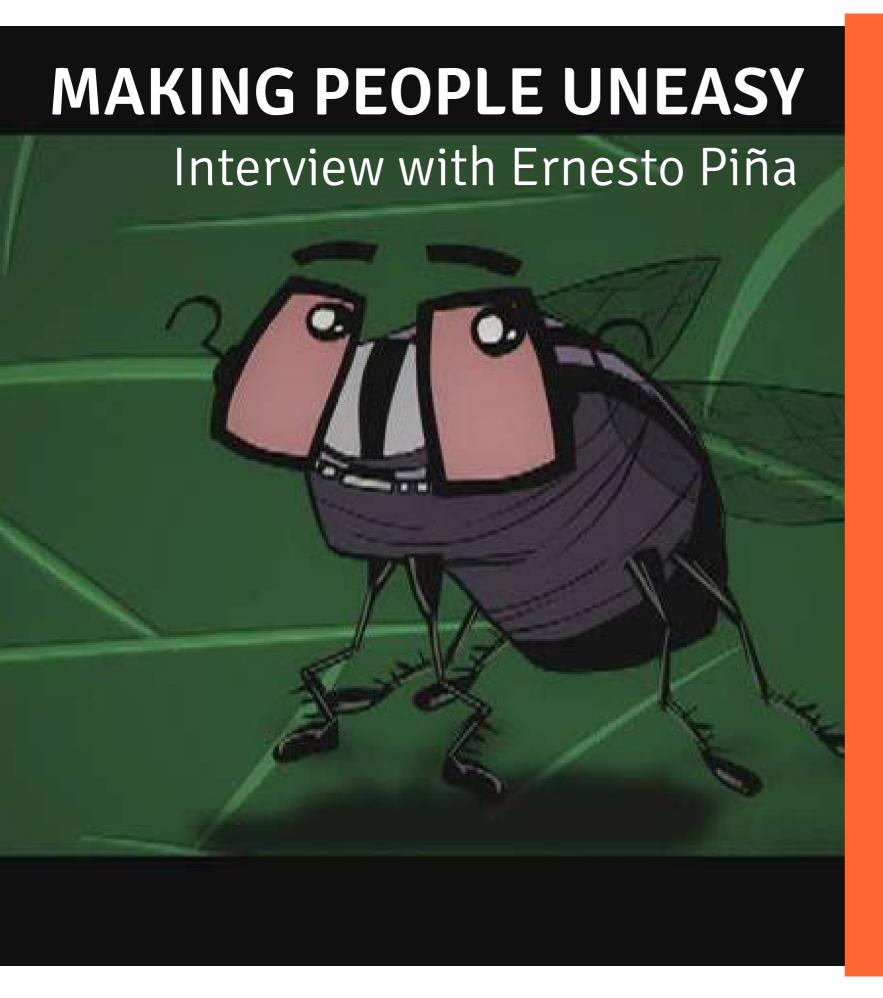
Idania told me that the solitude of a designer disappeared a bit with this enterprise and thanks to it she had been able to exteriorize so many ideas she had had inside, to see design fulfilling its true functions and objectives. She said: "Standing between fine art and semi-industrialized mass production, Clandestina - 99% Cuban design, promotes an intelligent, modern, super-advanced image, which is committed to the Cuban social project, making quality, competitive and avant-garde products available for both Cubans and non-Cubans."

Clandestina was an active participant in the 12th Havana Art Biennale, decorating the balconies of this section of Villegas Street with clothing recovered and revitalized by the Vintrashe project, one





of the most attractive initiatives of the shop. This is an exclusive collection inspired by the daily activity Cubans have of coming up with solutions, "resolviendo" as they say. These are reinvented objects and clothing, taking on new use values. For example, everyone can bring a discarded T-shirt and it will be redesigned and given back to the original owner. This project was carried out together with Fábrica de Arte.



## by Marcela Cuza

Sin pelos en la lengua [Outspoken] (2010) has been one of the phenomena of Cuban independent audiovisual productions in the last few years. This short film deals with a complicated aspect of our immediate reality with wit and charm: the manner we have of communicating with each other. Ernesto Piña started his career as an independent producer and today he works at the Animation Studios of the Cuban Institute of Cinematographic Art and Industry (ICAIC). When we peruse his creative trajectory, we are struck by his consistency of intent, that of making visible the ways today's Cuban youth are acting and thinking. He doesn't have any one preferred animation style because the TV cartoons he was raised on in the 1980s came in all shapes and colors.

"I consumed many animation styles and I think this has created the hybrid which is my work. Some people detect traces of Japanese films in my work because of the way I draw (Todo por Carlitos) or because of some subject matter I may be dealing with (M-5, Wajiros). Others associate La visita... with the style used by Pixar in their shorts, because of their language. I couldn't choose just one single style."

Added to this is the fact that you studied Visual Arts, not filmmaking...

Ever since I was a child, I was curious about how the cartoons I was seeing on TV were made: the Russian, Japanese and Cuban cartoons-even the few American ones produced by Disney, Warner Bros. and Hanna Barbera. Those were the cartoons we, the generation of the 1980s, used to watch. At some point I began to draw my first sketches of the characters I was watching

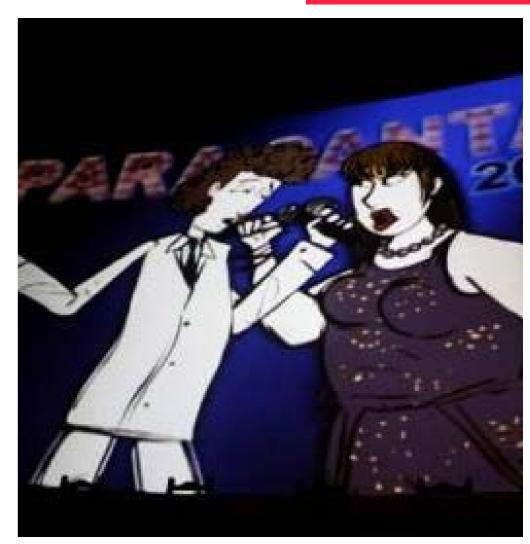
and I developed a talent for painting. My mother used to take me a lot to cinema courses and workshops. I began to realize that I needed to improve in content because the drawing part was something that was turning our pretty well. In 1966, I enrolled in Camagüey's Art School and I ended up graduating from the University of the Arts (ISA).

From the second year of college, I began to link audiovisuals with painting, but they seemed to me to be very flat works and so I experimented with different software and animation. I had some run-ins with teachers who would tell me that my work was not painting—I think in the end they only wanted to irritate me and to force me to see how big the animation world really is.

Erpiromundo (2006) was, somehow, the end of that phase... Yes, it was my graduation thesis and I included in it much of what I had learned in school. In fact, I used a technique that is very popular in visual art: the self-portrait. In my case, I took it into the realm of the audiovisual and I told a story that was my story at ISA. Afterwards, this work became a point of reference for other students who like myself were heading for audiovisual work within the visual arts. That is very rewarding for me.

Many of your films are considered to be geared at children and teenagers. When you create, do you aim for any specific audience? I was trained as an artist and so I learned to work very much apart from the audience. Nevertheless, I always have the goal to make people uneasy, to make them think. That was the case with Sin pelos en la lengua (2010) and Todo por Carlitos (2005). I am very concerned with my context, especially the youth. Our times are different. I feel that many 15 or 16-year-olds today don't think the same way I did when I was their age. I think it's because of the speed we are living at these days. The consumption of culture has changed. They are a generation greatly marked by technology. This isn't happening only in Cuba; in the rest of the world young people have cell phones and tablets which are like extensions of their bodies.

Other elements influencing them are the Internet, which is getting to Cuba little by little, and the "Weekly Package," a sort of provider of TV channels but done in an "underground" manner. They also have access to software updates, magazines, photos, music...all this up-to-date information has had the result that Cuban youth think differently







because they have access to the official government vision on TV and in the press and then they also have the weekly underground package and so they can choose what they like from both of them, according to their taste.

Generally speaking, when context changes so do the cultural products. To what degree have these new manners of consumption influenced your work?

In the case of my work, I think that, yes, it does get influenced, but it depends on what you want to communicate in each project. Personally, I like talking about young people and technology, but in a humorous tone, trying to make sure the audience sees themselves in it. Getting back to visual art, in the past painters would show the reality of their times in their paintings. I try to do the same thing in my work. After travelling to several other countries, I set myself the

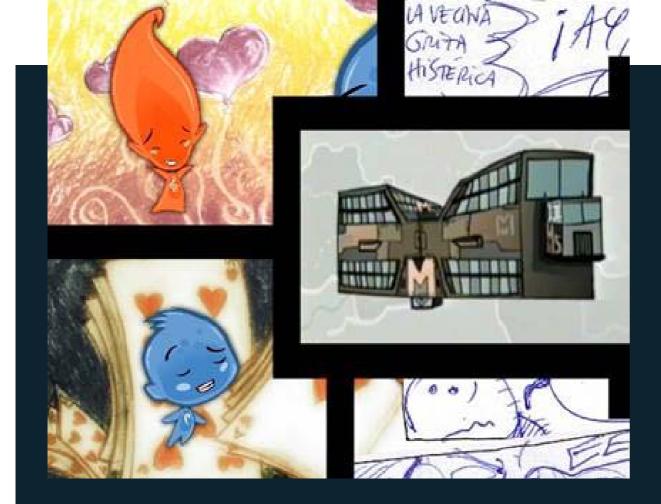
goal of connecting Cuba to the rest of the world through art, to make films that work with both Cuban and foreign audiences. For example, an animated film like La visita del moscón (2012) arose out of my necessity to make a film that looked like those I used to see as a child, those Polish, Czech or Russian films that didn't have any dialogue, just music and sounds. At the same time, I based myself on our local legend that tells us if you see a big fly in your home you are soon going to get a visit. That's a very Cuban belief, it doesn't exist in other countries and so I tried to give the film a universal setting. I have shown it in places as different as Spain, Bulgaria and the United States and audiences have managed to connect the dots in the story and understand what's going on.

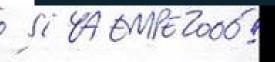
Technology is a recurring subject in your work and it looks like it's going to continue in your upcoming projects, the short film

Close and the feature-length Superjeva and Anticiclón. How far along are both of these? Close is a story about long-distance love between two young people who have found a different way of getting together physically. Their solution is connected to technology. I am very happy with that work because it is my first 3D film and I really like its visuality. It is being produced by the ICAIC Animation Studios.

Anticiclón is crazy and it also talks about youth and technology, but it goes farther than that. It attempts to reflect on brotherliness, faithfulness to common ideals and human values. It is an adventure cum science fiction story.

Superjeva is also a script which is in the adventure story vein. Why is that? Because the super hero genre makes a quick connection with young and adult audiences.













Recently, I have been trying to have children understand my work because thanks to the idea that animation is for them, it is practically impossible for little kids to see a film like that.

I'd like to stress that every one of these films has a very positive message. I believe we are living in such a hostile reality that it's important to show another manner of living, of seeing the world. I'd like my feature-length films to have that flavor, that humor. Young people are just beginning to learn about life; we should be giving them a slightly more encouraging view than the one they get from the communication media.

One of the most discussed topics among cinematographers is the Cinema Law. What is your slant on this?

I think that a Cinema Law is super important for any country to have. Ever since I started in the world of audiovisual creation I have had the dream of setting up my own production company, Erpiro Studio. That would allow me to look for funding and other types of help. At this time, you cannot do this in Cuba. I don't have any real possibility of legalizing that dream and I am not the only Cuban filmmaker who would like to do that. By making technology democratic we have seen that the old established production companies are not the only ones who can make audiovisuals. Many young filmmakers and others who have established reputations such as Fernando Pérez have made incursions into the medium with their own resources and they have managed to make films that work with the public and have even won prizes at national and international film festivals. Let's hope they don't take too long to solidify our Cinema Law because, unless they do, they are going to keep on losing talent. It's true that Cuba has a pool of brilliant persons. But if they don't see any results soon they will end up going somewhere else and we shall be the poorer for it. And as far as I know, we still have to wait a while for our dream to come true.



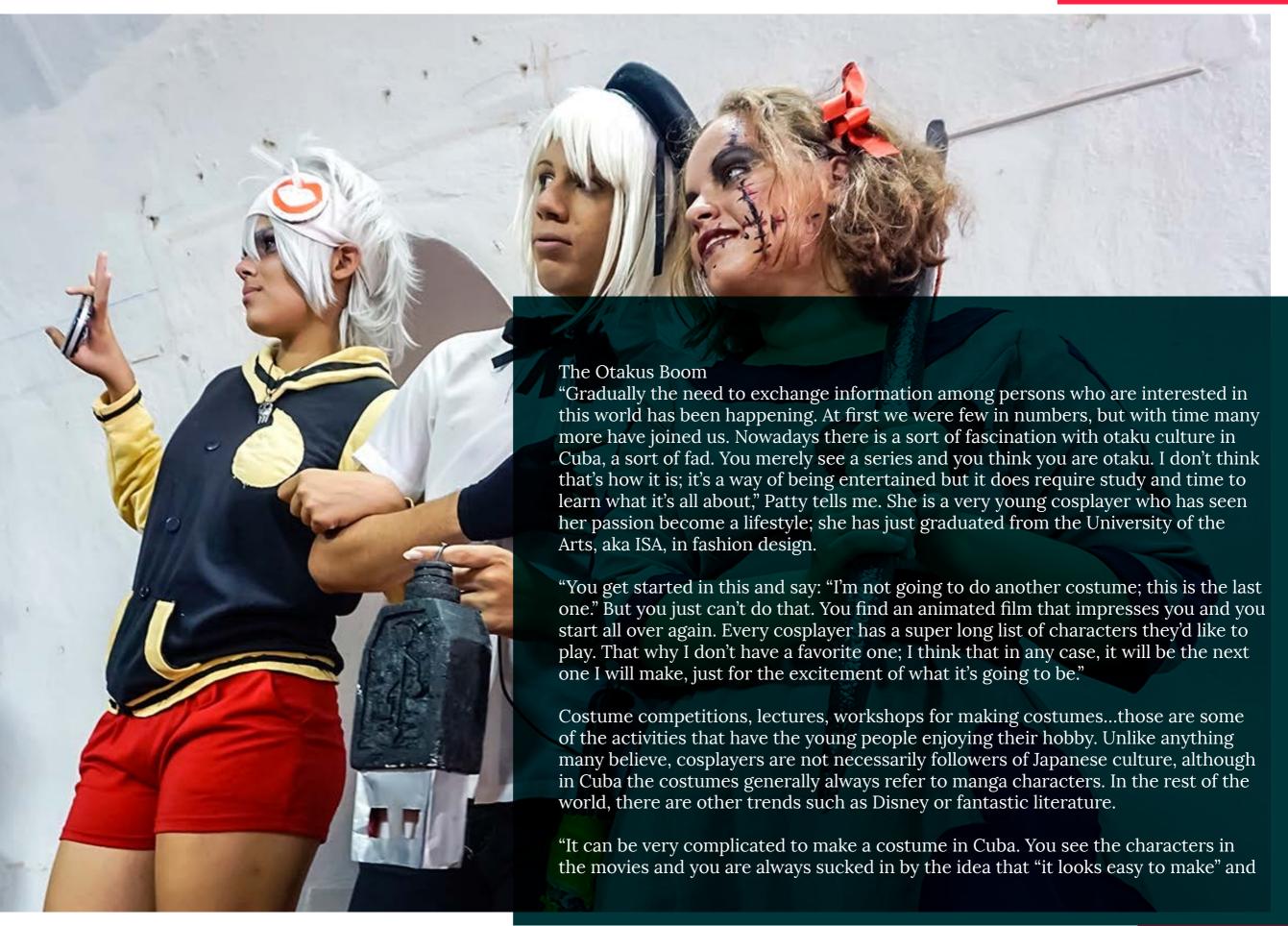
## by Luciana Díaz

The kids of my generation had an odd hobby that I don't think existed in any other country. We would collect the wrappings from different products, like candies, cereal and such. Most important, they had to have pretty, eye-catching colors. Now, as I am remembering all this, I find it funny but also somewhat sad because many times we had wrappings of sweets that we hadn't even eaten. Yup, that was what it was like growing up in the 1990s. Something else that my childhood revolved around was the Tamagotchis, electronic devices which looked like eggs and had "pets" that children had to feed. I didn't have any of these and I'm grateful for that because the truth of the matter was that kids used to forget about their toy and those "critters" would be dying all over the place, filling their owners with guilt. That's right: toys can be a big pain in the neck!

Let me get to my point: children's customs have changed, the same way the country–slowly–has changed. Kids no longer save colorful wrappers, instead they are playing with sophisticated video-consoles and they exchange Bluetooth information.

Dropping into this variegated landscape, we have the otaku, or anime fans, who are legion, getting together all over the city to share their hobby. It isn't just a matter of watching Japanese films or series but also of imitating the style of their favorite characters. Cosplayers have gradually joined the youth culture of the nation. With them, this particular entertainment industry has also arrived to a certain degree—an industry that is sometimes missing in this country, which marked by "the damned circumstance of water everywhere.

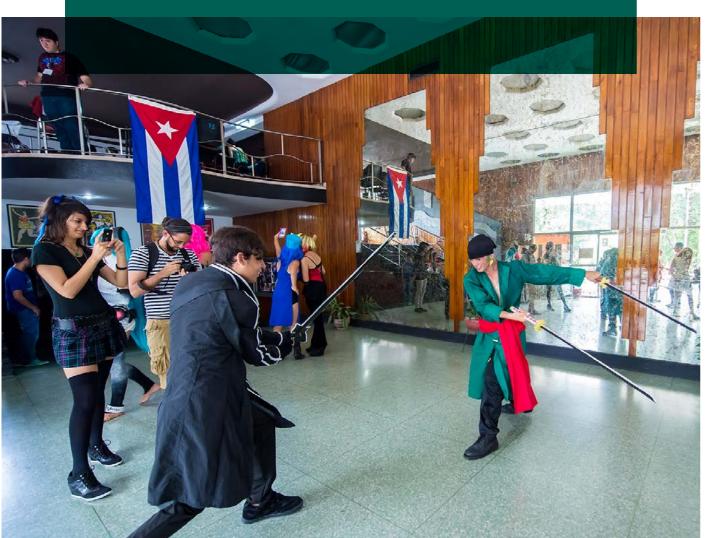




you fall in love with the project. But in real life you have to be extremely crafty to put it together. Not only do you need the material, there's also silicone, metal, paper... and anything else you can think of. Sometimes I make the costumes from the ground up, other times I transform existing clothing. In any case, it takes time, effort and a whole lot of creativity".

## Habana Cosplay

Four years ago, Patty and other fans founded the Habana Coplay Group for the aim of publicizing a culture that was in its infancy in Cuba. "At otaku meetings some of us used to wear costumes because we especially liked that practice, and so we decided to get together to help each other as fans. We've given workshops to teach others how to make costumes. As time goes by, we've tried out new techniques and materials and our results are better than they were at the beginning."

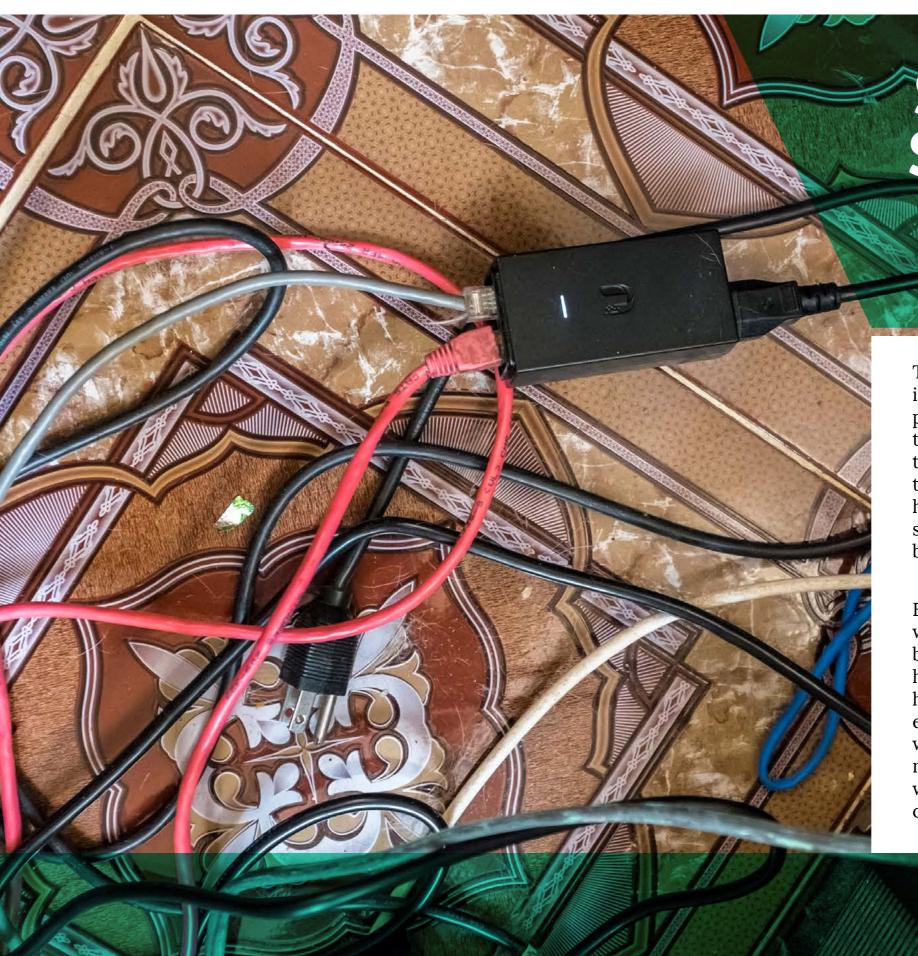




The shortage of materials and professional sewing machines is one of the most obvious hurdles for Cuban cosplayers. But the huge parade of fans that took place at the just-concluded Otaku Festival demonstrates that there are many followers of this culture (and they are very creative).

"At our competitions, we don't just judge how the costumes and weapons are made; we also take into account the cosplayer's interpretation, how they perform. It's assumed that a cosplayer is able to put together his or her costume but they also have to act out some of the traits of their character. In my case, that's where I have to make more of an effort because I'm shy."

It looks like this form of entertainment is attracting more and more young people. And I (approaching my 30th birthday) have a hard time thinking that my beloved collections of clippings should be relegated to oblivion. I believe that's what some sage called "getting old." Anyway, I console myself with the thought that every generation reinvents its own fantasies.

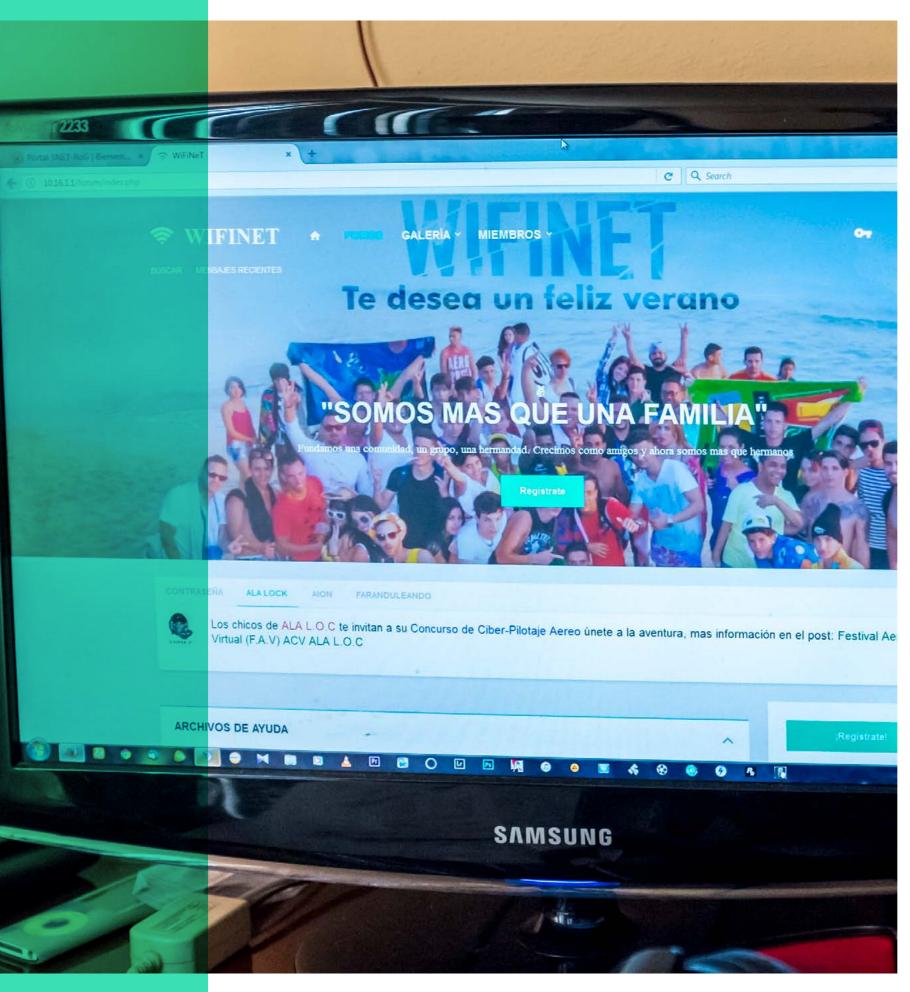


SNET: THE SHORTEST DISTANCE

The shortest distance between two points is defined by the type of connection those points have managed to establish between them. In the virtual era, places separated by trans-Atlantic kilometers may be quite close thanks to the World Wide Web; on the other hand, neighboring towns may appear to be separated by half a universe should the digital breach have been imposed upon them.

Photos Ana Lorena

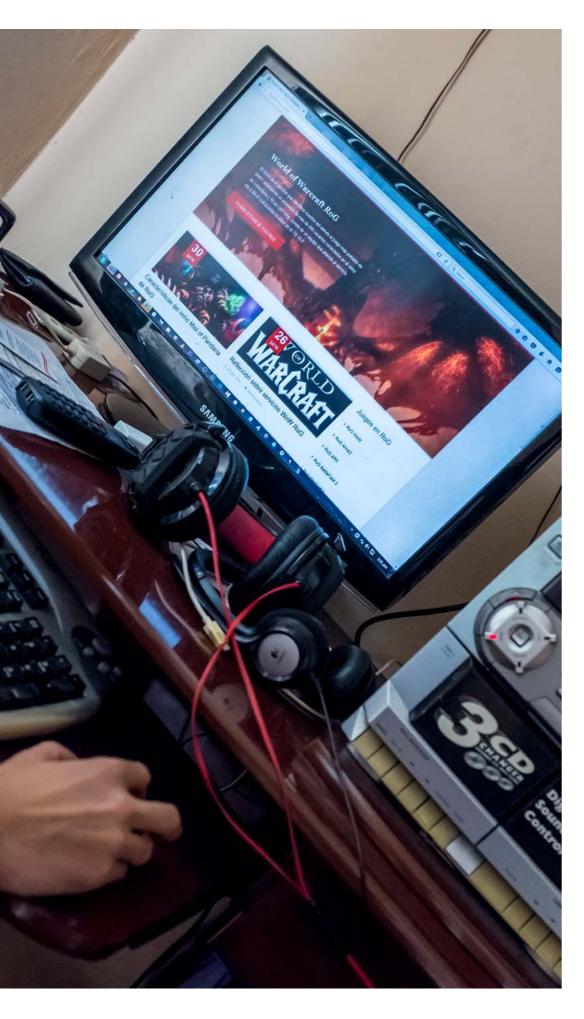
Everyone knows this, but not everyone deals with it in the same way. For years Cuba has been relegated to the soft shoulders of virtual highways. In 2014 it only had slightly over two hundred users connected to the Internet for every thousand inhabitants. Two years later, when Cubans now have daily access to the net, there are over 150,000 users, a figure which represents approximately 1.25 percent of the population.



That's one reality of the matter. The other reality shows us how Cuban universities are continuously turning out professionals in the informatics and telecommunications fields, course after course, and many other professionals are graduating from technical schools. All of this, as anyone with a minimum of two megabytes available in their head can imagine, brings with it results that go far beyond the expectations and calculations of our planning bureaus.

And so, from house to house, an alternate solution began to appear around 2001. It was a self-managed network that came to be called the Street Network (or SNET) and also as the Republic of Gamer (or RoG) and it now takes in some 8,000 computers in Havana alone. They are linked via M2 and M5 NanoStations, generating private Wifi and LAN networks crisscrossing the capital from Cojímar to the east of Havana to the town of Bauta in neighboring Artemisa Province to the west. Other similar networks, even though they have a more reduced geographic scope, have also sprouted in cities like Matanzas, Santa Clara, Camagüey or Holguín, further to the eastern end of the Island.

With no connections to the world web right from their beginnings, since they have no legal status for distributing and commercializing the Internet through its infrastructure, SNET is local and limited. But in the words of twenty-something-yearold Rafael Broche, one of the engineers who participated in creating the net, "At least we feel connected to a whole bunch of people. We're talking to them and sharing files."



That is one of the chief virtues of SNET: it has platforms configured for playing Warcraft, Call of Duty, Dota 2, FIFA, WOW, BattleField, Starcraft, and also for using several thematic forums as well as the TeamSpeak app, which lets you voice-chat with anybody who is connected. You can also download movies or popular TV programs, consult a copy of Wikipedia filed on the servers or have access to an ingenious Cuban version of Facebook.

As in any community, some basic principles govern the functioning of SNET. For example, it is completely free of charge, does not provide Internet services, TV channels, pornography or anything else considered to be illegal, and you cannot use obscene language. That is one of the survival strategies agreed to by the administrators who invested in the technology that today supports the network.

Without a doubt, SNET is one of the best examples of Cuban improvisation, applying telecommunications engineering in order to generate an organized structure with ethical rules and techniques, which, even though it doesn't provide the solution, does ameliorate the condition of virtual non-connectivity and puts thousands of young people who are craving interactions into lucid and creative relationships. Each of them leapt over the virtual gap with whatever they had at handtheir knowledge, their enthusiasm and their capacity to bring to reality the dreams for which they did not want to wait any longer.



# POKEMON dy is chasing them with their w safe havens in the world where really need to take a rest and an Cuba. In the Caribbean island hunted while enjoying sunshine

There's a Pokémon fever. Everybody is chasing them with their smartphones. There are only a few safe havens in the world where they can avoid capture. Pokémon really need to take a rest and there's no better place for that than Cuba. In the Caribbean island they can take a break from being hunted while enjoying sunshine and mojitos.

Twelve of them have already been to Havana following in the footsteps of The Rolling Stones, the Kardashians, Beyoncé and Madonna. It seems that they didn't really need OFAC licenses to travel to Cuba or even sneak in Air Force One with President Obama. So here are the favorite spots for some of the Pokémon. We will keep updating the list as we get comments from these cute creatures.

# **VOLTORB**

Voltorb choose to stay near a great power source. He is an electric-type that needs to feed on tons of electricity. That's why he settled on La Rampa, in the heart of Vedado. There, electricity flows like water on Niagara Falls, turning on street lamps, neon lights, and business signs.

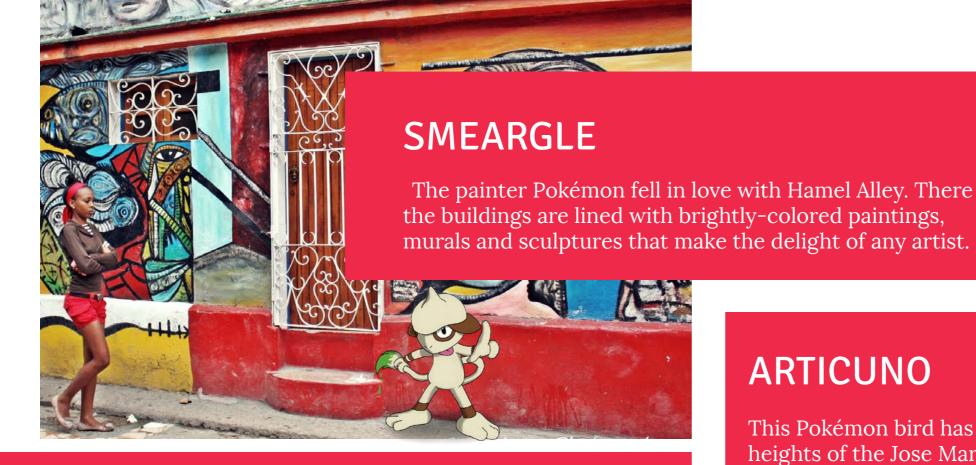
# **BELLSPROUT**

Bellsprout is not a guy from Plants versus Zombies. He is a grass-type Pokémon that came to Havana's Botanical Garden to avoid zombie-like Pokémon Go players. There he enjoys his time hanging out with a lot of endemic species.



# **CATERPIE**

Caterpie needs lots of leaves to survive. So he went to Havana's Parque Almendares, or Metropolitan Park, Havana's green lungs. This park is also visited by a great many children and their parents. In this huge forest that grows on both banks of the Almendares River you can find dinosaurs, pony rides, mini-golf courses and trees galore, embellished with hanging vines.



# **VAPOREON**

The cutest Pokémon ever loves the sea. Havana has plenty of that to offer. Santa María del Mar is the most popular beach among Habaneros and tourists, like this water-type Pokémon. Vaporeon can be seen there flipping in the air to the delight of vacationers.



# **ARTICUNO**

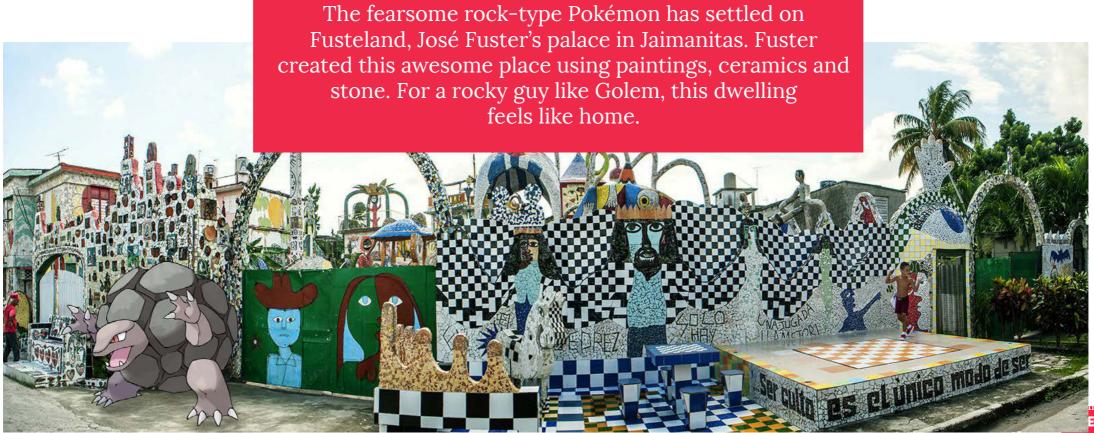
This Pokémon bird has found its favorite spot on the heights of the Jose Martí Memorial. Overlooking Plaza de la Revolución, he spends most of the time flying over the blue Havana sky. After all, it's the perfect combination for its lovely blue plumage.



# **CLOYSTER**



# **GOLEM**





# **MOLTRES**

A Pokémon bird that loves fire, volcanos and light, Moltres lives now by the brightest of all Havana beacons: The Morro lighthouse. This lighthouse is the most recognizable symbol of the city. The view from the top at sunset mimics perfectly Moltres' fiery feathers.

# **JIGGLYPUFF**

Jiggly craves for attention. This Pokémon is lovely and takes advantage from this fact. He lives now at Parque Central, a hub for pedestrian visitors to Old Havana. There people can enjoy Jiggly cuteness in sheer quantities.

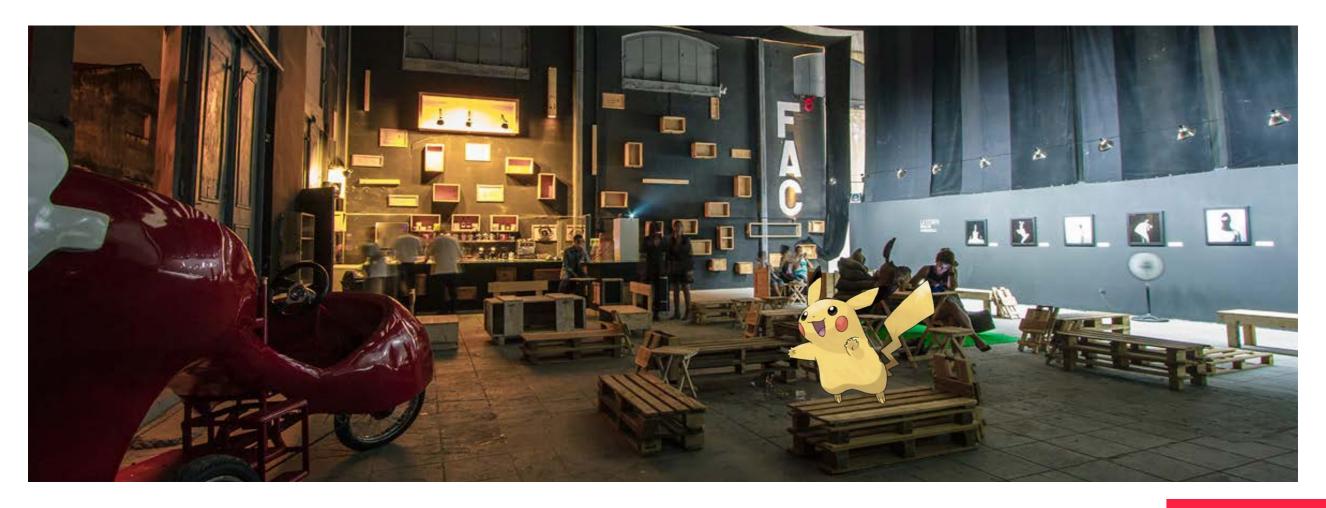


# **HAUNTER**

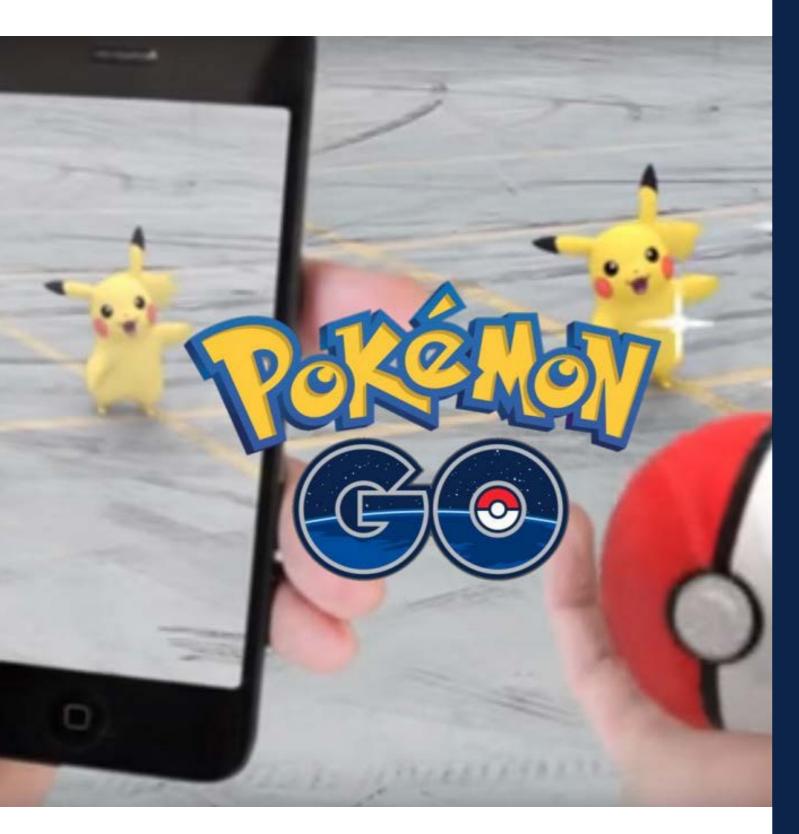
Ghosts are fond of ghostly places. For a long time, Haunter has dwelt in the House of the Green Tiles, a once almost haunted mansion located in Miramar, on the west side of the Almendares River. He has refused to leave, much to the dismay of the managers of this building, which is now the Center for the Promotion and Study of Modern Architecture, Urban Planning and Interior Design

# **PIKACHU**

Pikachu came to Havana as the ambassador of all the Pokémon around the world. In this important endeavor he was taken to FAC, the Cuban Art Factory. This is the place to meet all the important celebrities both local and foreign. For them and Pikachu, FAC is a not-to-miss venue.







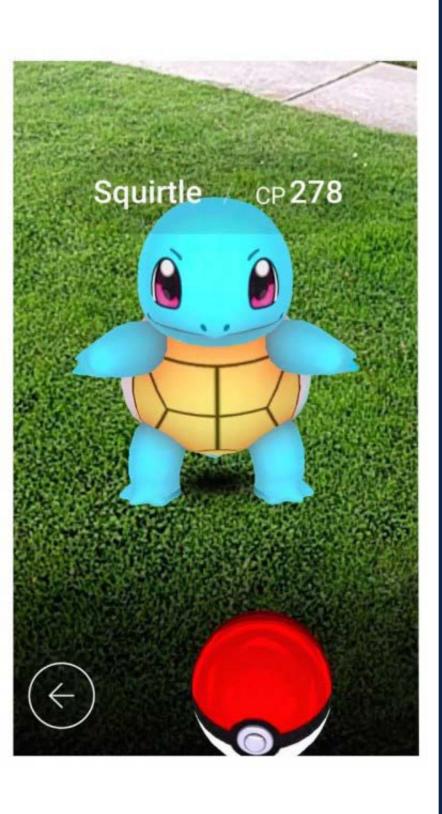
## by Alejandro Pérez Malagón & Cachivache Media

Tajiri Satoshi's Pokétto Monsutu escaped for the first time from Japan and the Pokémon Islands and they have reached your city. Pokémon GO has convulsed human civilization, aroused old bitter feelings towards "gamers" who no longer hang out in the privacy of their own homes but are out there, running around and throwing Poké Balls. During the months Pokémon GO has been online, its fans have managed to get attacked by thieves, invade private property, send Nintendo shares through the roof, awaken the suspicions of a commentator on the National Evening News, discover a body in the river and, in the meantime, hunt down many, many Pokémon.

Unlike previous generations of Pokémon which were RPG portable console games, Pokémon GO is a massive multiplayer online role-playing video game (MMORPG in its English abbreviation) that runs rampant over cell phones and tablets and includes augmented reality elements. This time it is not enough to be skilled and patient with your Game Boy, you also have to go out on the streets and get physical. Instead of wandering through Pokémon World, the pocket monsters are now scattered around your city.

The app uses your GPS on your phone as well as inert units and cameras to detect where you are and where you are pointing you handheld device. Game servers (yes, you need the internet to play) send the location of the nearby game objects to your phone, like wild Pokémon, PokéStops and Pokégyms. Using this information, Pokémon GO allows you to interact with those objects, as long as you can get sufficiently close to them.

Augmented reality seeks to modify the form in which we perceive the world through computers, adding new information. Google Goggles, for example, can inform us from our phones about any monuments, bar codes and



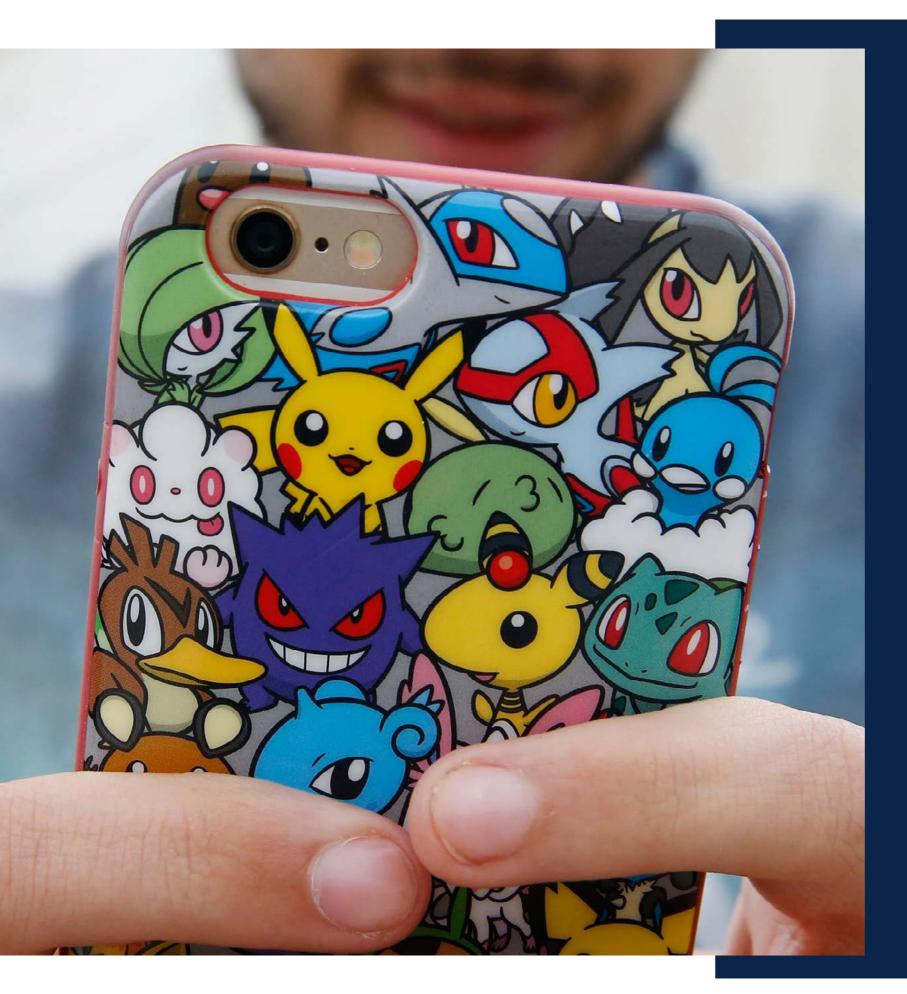
paintings in the Met that the device may be pointing at. Other Apps like Word Lens translates texts we film on our mobile phones, even maintaining a similar typography. Google Glass is perhaps the most spectacular of these products up to now, carrying out similar tasks from a pair of glasses. Augmented Reality is getting trendier and the video game developers are not far behind.

In 2013, Niantic Labs, then a branch of Google, launched Ingress. Thousands of players went out on the streets to grab portals for two factions: the resistance and the illuminati. Links between portals allowed you to control areas of the world's surface, scoring for each faction depending on the number of human beings living there. The "portals" were points of interest created earlier by the users of Google Maps, many of which were reused for this game. To interact with the portals you had to get close to them in the real world.

Any similarity between Ingress and Pokémon GO is not a coincidence. #MuchaGenteAndaDiciendo (#ManyPeopleAreSaying) that Pokémon GO is nothing more than a re-launch of Ingress in a much more attractive framework for gamers than a futuristic struggle between mystic factions. The objects of this new Pokémon are nothing more that Ingress portals reconverted to gyms and PokéStops.

Getting close or and interacting with these objects is no problem in most cities in the world, at least from the infrastructural point of view. Cultural networks provide data links to the Internet and coverage is normally broad even in suburban and rural areas. But here in Cuba it's a whole other thing. Despite





the fact that ETECSA and Cubacel provide rudimentary data coverage for their mobile phone subscribers, using ancient EDGE and GPRS technologies, these links are to the Nauta network and not to the global Internet. That prevents Pokémon GO from connecting to Niantic servers through the cellular network.

The alternative is to use WiFi hotspots but these are much too far from providing broad coverage in Havana and they are even fewer in the rest of the country. Theoretically it is only possible to interact with the Pokémon, PokéStops and gyms that are in the vicinity of the hotspots. But another impediment raises its ugly head: Pokémon GO is not active all over the world. That means that even though you can install the GO App on your cell phone, Niantic servers will only answer to access setup from countries where the game has been launched.

Fortunately it is possible to fool Niantic in this matter. The company producing the game only verifies the IP where you are playing and not from your global GPS locating device. This "negligence" allows you to use any service by anonymous proxy to play Pokémon GO as long as the proxy is located in one of those lucky Pokémon-active countries.

When we used the aforementioned trick on Cachivache Media, we were afraid that Niantic had not generated gyms, stops or Pokémon in our city. But once we got online, we noticed that we could capture a Squirtle running through the offices and that we weren't the first to get there. From our location in El Vedado, we could only detect two gyms: one at the University of Havana

and the other in graffiti around the Malecón. The leaders of both gyms were at that moment Kakolukia51 with his Pidgeot-type Pokémon (a totally evolved Pidgey) and GoonyCatchem with a Cloyster (Shellder evolution) with 886 combat power. Later they were replaced by IamTheGhost21 (with another Pidgeot) and Lester3xxxx (master of a Golduck).

Five PokéStops nearby got added to these gyms, one at the park at Infanta and San Lazaro streets, another two in the Callejón de Hamel, one at the Quixote Park and yet another in the church on Infanta St. PokéStops are important due to the fact that you can reload PokéBullets or potions there, or you can pick up Pokémon eggs. Unfortunately, because of the reach of our WiFi, it wasn't possible to get near any of those locations.

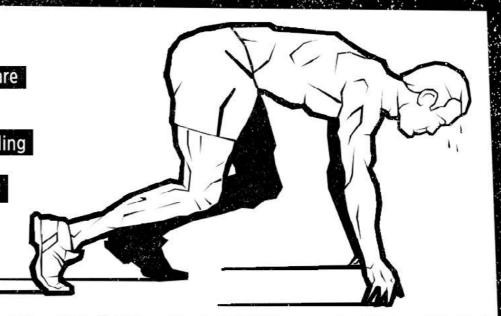
Cuban inventiveness will always find a way. We have heard of fans of the game who have tried to use laptops and other portable devices to extend coverage from the ETECSA hotspots and get, for example, to the PokéStop at Quixote Park using the Rampa WiFi points. Ingeniousness apart, Internet coverage is a serious problem if you want to have a complete experience in a game using augmented reality. After doing a bit of digging, we did some research on Ingress and discovered that there are 211 portals for the game in Havana, many of which have been reused as locations for Pokémon GO. Probably there are several nearby or they overlap some hotspots ETECSA has installed in the municipalities. For example, in the vicinity of Plaza de San Francisco de Asís, some customers at the Mesón de la Flota Hotel at one time added several Ingress portals. It's not that insane to presume that one part has been converted into Pokémon GO elements.

Old Havana is surely the best place to play the game because of the density of the WiFi networks and the points of interest that can be converted into locations. Any game object less than 50 meters away from these hotspots may give access to Nauta users, but of course the prices for this would ruin just about any overly-enthusiastic local player. A word to the wise: it's not a good idea to get hooked. Playing Pokémon GO in Havana, more than a MMORPG, looks like a game platform where you go jumping from hotspot to hotspot so that you can obtain the objects you want to get. Some PokéStops and gyms can be accessed from the corporative networks of some institutions such as the University of Havana but they are forbidden terrain for the regular Nauta user. More than Ash Ketchum, you could end up feeling like Lara Croft.





When anybody gets out of bed every single day of their own volition, at five in the morning when the sun hasn't even risen yet, the chances are good that they have a couple of screws loose. It's one thing if you have to do this when there is no alternative, when there are some cows needing to be milked, patients to look after or dough to knead before dawn and it's something entirely different when you get out of bed, drink some coffee and start running...just because.



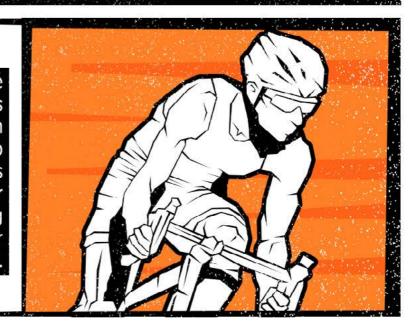


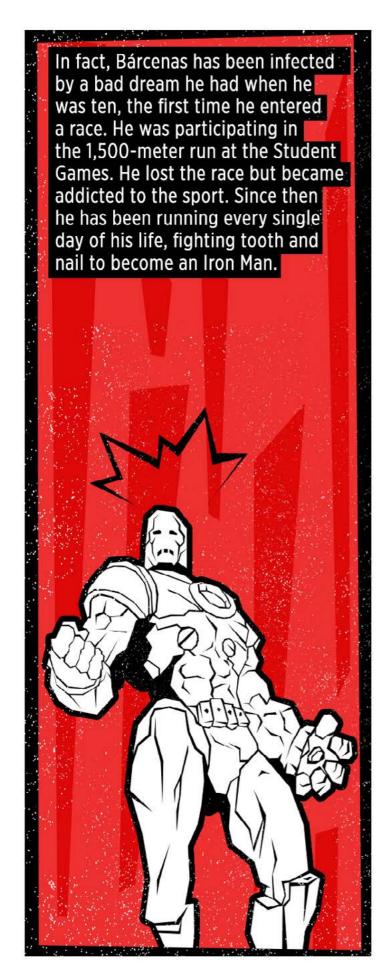
Jorge Pérez Bárcenas has been doing for several years mow. You can see him every morning running along Havana's Malecón. There are many other people who like him are out there enjoying the soft caress of morning sea breezes, but he is the only one who runs so early. And he is the only one who runs so early. And he is the only one who runs so many kilometers at a time. Depending on his daily goal, he will clock between 15 and 35 kilometers every day, Saturdays and Sundays included.

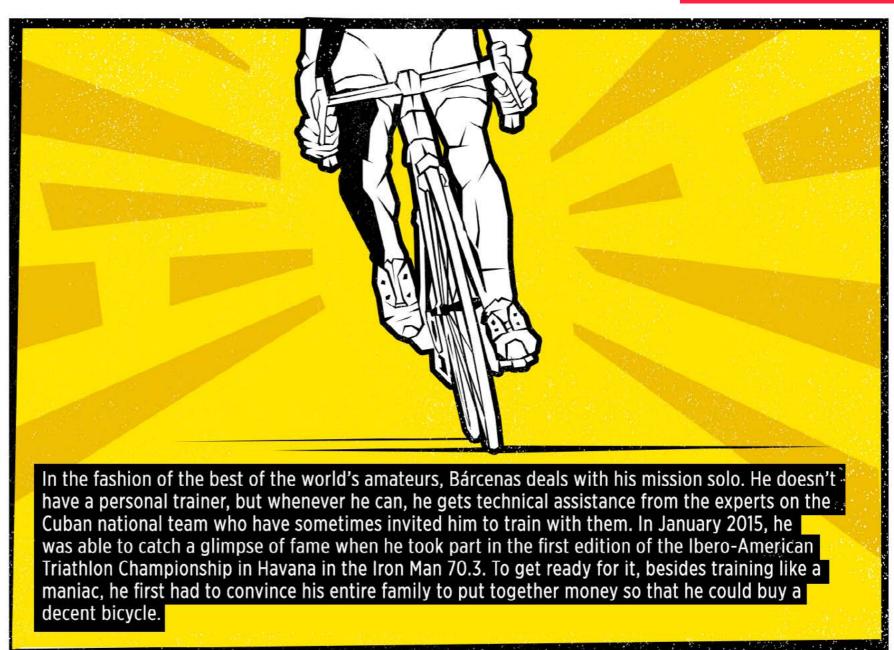


The truth of the matter is that in his spare time (or in other words, during any time left over from his vice of running) Bárcenas is a computer programmer who earns his livelihood developing custom software for various clients, and he doesn't always go running at the crack of dawn.

Sometimes he's out there later because first he has to swim 2,000 meters in the cold waters of a struip of coastline knowns as Playita de 16, or bike for up to 60 kilometers along the Vía Blanca Road or the National Highway.

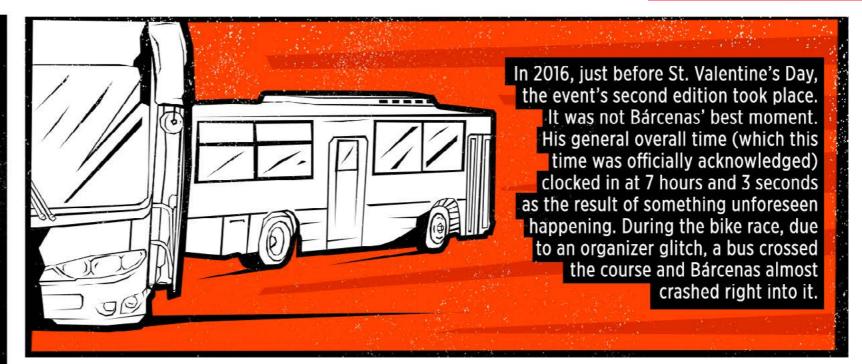




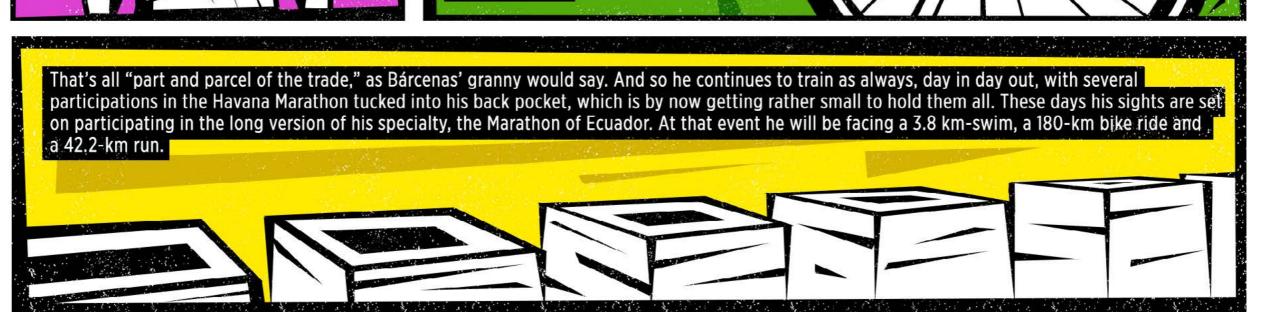




As luck would have it, because of a mistake in his registration for the event, the number he wore to swim, bike and run belonged to a different participant who had not shown up for the competition, and that was enough to disqualify him. The event's website acknowledges his partial results: swimming: 53.50, bicycle: 3.29.07, running: 2.31.59. But they do not officially acknowledge his overall time even though he did receive his certificate proclaiming him as a Finisher.



The brusque sudden braking action damaged the bike's mechanisms, severely affecting the turning of the wheels and forced him to use his extra bike to finish the stretch and then deal with the 21.1 run under the burden of an extra dose of fatigue. All things considered, and in spite of the incident, he once again achieved the fourth position in his category.







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# By Victoria Alcalá Photos Ana Lorena & Alex Mene

While many Cubans are by nature somewhat skeptical when it comes to religion, it doesn't take much of a mishap before Our Lady of Charity (often known by the more intimate "Cachita") is invoked by believers and nonbelievers alike. The Church is well aware that while some people venerate the Marian image of Our Lady of Charity, others worship Ochun, the Orisha of love and money, the river Goddess, who always wears yellow. Still, others manage to worship both the Christian virgin and the goddess of the Yoruba religion syncretized in one.

The image itself is syncretic—part of a process that has occurred through the centuries. The white man, the black man and the mulatto that lie at her feet in a small boat is a reminder of the three men—one black and two Indians—who found a small wooden statue of the Virgin Mary holding the child Jesus in her arms while sailing around the Bay of Nipe in the early 17th century. The statue was fastened to a board with an inscription saying "I am the Virgin of Charity." This is the same diverse, multiracial and devout Cuban people that now make the pilgrimage, rain or shine, and adorn the road with yellow sunflowers, calling out to her over and over: "Praise be to Our Lady of Charity!"

For the Catholic world as a whole, September 8 marks the Nativity of the Blessed Virgin Mary. She is venerated in many countries, cities and regions as their patroness, usually under a specific title or apparition. This is the case of Cuba, which celebrates that day as the feast day of Our Lady of Charity.



Every year, several thousands of Cubans of all ages, races and social position accompany the statue in the traditional procession that takes place in the working-class neighborhood of Centro Habana. This tradition was taken up again after the historic visit of Pope John Paul to Cuba in 1998. The statue of the Virgin is carried on a platform followed by a throng of people that carry candles or flowerssunflowers mostly. Many wear yellow, which is the color that identifies Our Lady of Charity. The people walk solemnly for several blocks around Nuestra Señora de la Caridad Parrish in Centro Habana.

During the procession, the people sing hymns, pray and shout Viva! to Cuba's Patroness and the Church. Other people follow the procession from the rooftops and porches of their homes. The procession ends at the Parrish of Our Lady of Charity where Mass is held.

Although the principal celebration on this day takes place in Santiago de Cuba at the Virgin's National Sanctuary, this beautiful and moving demonstration of faith takes place all over Cuba. Our Lady of Charity is a symbol of identity for Cubans wherever they may be, and her significance transcends the Catholic faith to the culture and history of Cuba.











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HAVANA LISTINGS

**VISUAL ARTS** 

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**DANCE** 

**MUSIC** 

THEATRE I

**FOR KIDS** 

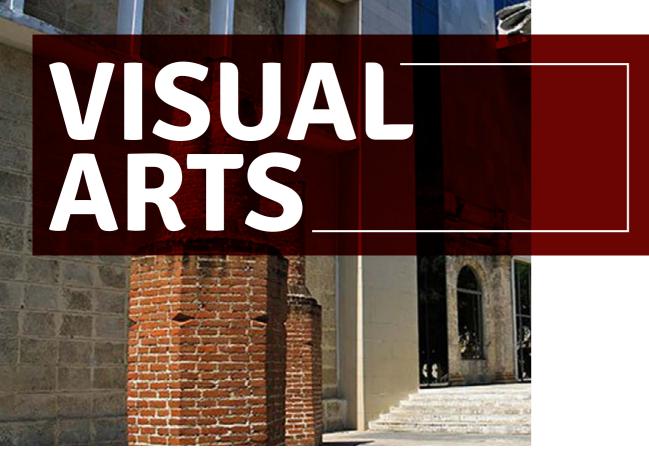
**EVENTS** 



# HAVANA GUIDE

- **■** FEATURES
- **RESTAURANTS**
- BARS & CLUBS
- **LIVE MUSIC**
- HOTELS
- **PRIVATE ACCOMMODATION**





# MUSEO NACIONAL DE BELLAS ARTES. EDIFICIO DE ARTE CUBANO

THROUGH SEPTEMBER 15

**Rubens y Amberes en blanco y negro** is made up by thirteen engravings, ten of which reproduce original works by Rubens. This work was carried out Flemish and Dutch masters who were summoned by the artist himself to work at his study.

# THROUGH SEPTEMBER 12

**Relatos de una negociación**, by Belgian-Mexican artist Francis Alÿs, exhibits paintings, drawings, sculptures, videos, documents, objects and actions that reflect critically on contemporary society.

### **GALERÍA LA ACACIA**

THROUGH SEPTEMBER Hogar cubano, by Inti Hernández, is an exhibition of 3D pieces made of wood, videos and performance art, which are connected to elements of an everyday household in the Island, today's reality, opportunities and challenges.

# CENTRO PROVINCIAL DE ARTES PLÁSTICAS Y DISEÑO

OPENS SEP-TEMBER 6 **Acceso directo,** multidisciplinary group show by artists from Mayabeque Province.

### GALERÍA ORÍGENES

THROUGH SEPTEMBER CCC 2016, show by Consuelo Castañeda, a conceptualist painter and engraver of the generation of the 1980s who had not held any exhibition in Cuba for over 20 years. Although it is not a retrospective, it reveals the artist's interests from her beginnings to the present, and her expansion into graphic design, architecture and the digital world.

#### CENTRO DE DESARROLLO DE LAS ARTES VISUALES

THROUGH SEPTEMBER 11 **Fall in Love,** by Alberto Lago is a collection of six large-scale and five small-scale canvases in which the artist makes use of his stylistic, conceptual and formal repertoire through nude figures.

THROUGH SEPTEMBER 15 Centrar la periferia, group show by young artists, curated by Yonlay Cabrera, in which Cuba is considered as an organic whole free of territorial distinctions. Artists: Jeosviel Abstengo (Ciego de Ávila), Liesther Amador (Ciego de Ávila), Lillian Cedeño (Matanzas), Alexander H. Chang (Sancti Spíritus), Raúl Cué (Cienfuegos), Yosleiby Fernández (Mayabeque), Andrys Gil (Mayabeque), Alona Hernández (Cienfuegos), Oslendy Hernández (Mayabeque), Melisa Manguart (Matanzas), Tania Mesa (Ciego de Ávila), Ángel Luis M. Montagne (Sancti Spíritus), Adrián Socorro (Matanzas) and Lázaro Omar Valdés (Cienfuegos).

Obra reciente de ilustradores de libros infantiles en Cuba is an exhibition of the most recent work of young Cuban children's book illustrators.





#### CENTRO DE ARTE CONTEMPORÁNEO WIFREDO LAM

THROUGH SEPTEMBER

Planetario. Videomapping artesanal y guiones instalados de Luis Gárciga presents works produced by the Cuban artist in different Latin American cities, in which Gárciga links the figurative with the symbolic and the abstract.

### **GALERÍA HABANA**

THROUGH SEPTEMBER 9 Amanecer, by Pablo Rosendo, is an aesthetic and sensory adventure, whose visual experiments invite the active participation of the viewer to unravel the ultimate meaning of the exhibition.

THROUGH-OUT SEP-TEMBER

Solo show by Antonio Tonel Eligio, who has used—precise and concise—drawings, paintings, sculptures and installations, to review, from an aesthetics close to conceptualism and minimalism, both the events of his closer environment and universal instincts of man.

### **GALERÍA GALIANO**

THROUGH SEPTEMBER 24

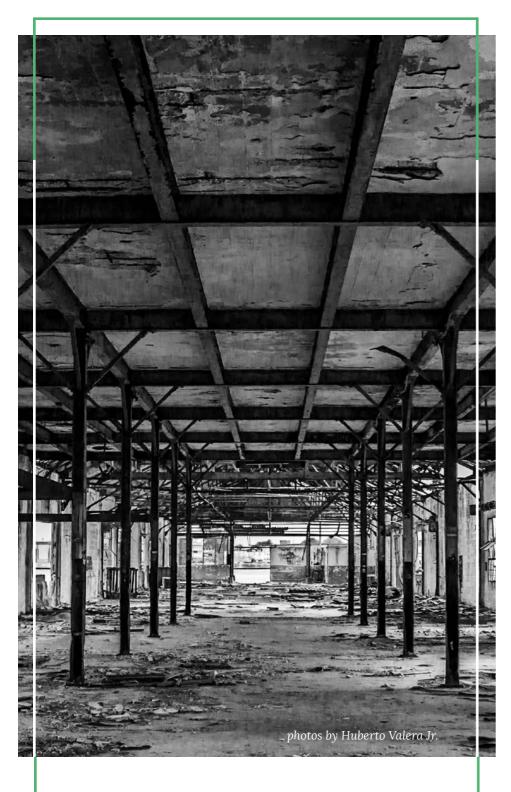
Abre los ojos, group exhibition of painting-installation in which the paintings, abandoning their two-dimensionality, stop being a goal to become the pretext of a visual construction sight. Participating artists include Yonlay Cabrera, Nelson Céspedes, Marlys Fuego, Marcos Gómez, Osy Milián, Yoan Pérez and Carlos Zorrilla.

THROUGH SEPTEMBER Como la primera vez, Casas, pays homage to the life and work of the late Ramón Casas, bringing together small- and medium-size drawings and sculptures from the last two decades of his production. The three-dimensional proposals combine elements of wood, metal, plastic, textile and other materials, in compositions that are generally upright, looking like obelisks or monumental towers.

# GRAN TEATRO DE LA HABANA ALICIA ALONSO (THIRD FLOOR)

THROUGH DECEMBER 31

Fuerza y sangre. Imaginarios de la bandera en el arte cubano exhibits 160 pieces on various mediums and different trends, esthetics and manifestations (painting, sculpture, installation, printmaking, drawing, photography), by 124 Cuban artists who have repeatedly or occasionally used the Cuban flag in their work. Artists like Raúl Martínez, Nelson Domínguez, Roberto Fabelo, Manuel Mendive, René Francisco, Raúl Corrales and Osvaldo Salas are joined by the younger representatives of the national artistic vanguard in this singular tribute to our flag.



# PHOTO\_ GRAPHY

# **FOTOTECA DE CUBA**

THROUGH SEPTEMBER

Retrospectiva, solo exhibition by photographer José Agraz.

# **GALERÍA COLLAGE HABANA**



Group show by important Cuban photographers: Ernesto Rancaño, Jorge Otero, Guibert Rosales, René Peña, Tomás Sánchez, Adrián Fernández.

# **GALERÍA ANGELUS**

THROUGHOUT SEPTEMBER

First Salon of Women Photographers Tina Modotti

# **MEMORIAL JOSÉ MARTÍ**

**THROUGH SEPTEMBER 17** 

**Amor a Cuba,** by the Slovack photographer Andrej Palacko, puts together 110 pictures and two large-scale photos that capture historical moments in the Island and Cuban figures from the arts, culture, sports, and the government.





# DANCE



# **WORLD PREMIÈRE BY DANZA ABIERTA**

SEPTEMBER 9-10, 8:30PM; SEPTEMBER 11, 5PM **TEATRO MELLA** 

Danza Abierta, one of the most important Cuban contemporary dance companies has created great expectations with the announcement of this première.

# PROGRAM WITH THE ROSARIO CÁRDENAS COMPANY

SEPTEMBER 16-17, 8:30PM; SEPTEMBER 18, 5PM **TEATRO MELLA** 

A varied program by one of the most experimental dance companies in Cuba today.





# **CONCERT PROGRAM WITH THE BALLET ESPAÑOL DE CUBA**

SEPTEMBER 9-10, 8:30PM; SEPTEMBER 11, 5PM TEATRO NACIONAL. SALA AVELLANEDA

The Spanish Ballet of Cuba will present a selection of choreographies from their repertoire.

# **CENTRO DE DANZA**

SEPTEMBER 9-18, FRIDAYS & SATURDAYS, 8:30PM; SUNDAYS, 5PM SALA TITO JUNCO. CENTRO CULTURAL BERTOLT BRECHT

Performances by different companies belonging to the Dance Center.

The contemporary fusion and electronic music scene has expanded recently as new bars and clubs have opened party promoters have organized events in parks and public spaces. Good live music venues include Bertolt Brecht (Wednesdays: Interactivo, El Sauce (check out the Sunday afternoon Máquina de la Melancolía) and Fábrica de Arte Cubano which has concerts most nights Thursday through Sunday as well as impromptu smaller performances inside.

In Havana's burgeoning entertainment district along First Avenue from the Karl Marx theatre to the aquarium you are spoilt for choice with the always popular Don Cangrejo featuring good live music with artists of the likes of Kelvis Ochoa, David Torrens, Interactivo, Diana Fuentes, Descemer Bueno, David Blanco, just to name a few, Las Piedras (insanely busy from 3am) and El Palio and Melem bar—both featuring different singers and acts in smaller more intimate venues.



FRIDAYS & SATURDAYS / 1PM-1AM

Electronic music with rapping, DJing, Vjing, Dj-producers, breakdancing and graffiti writing, among other urban art expressions.

#### CAFÉ CONCERT EL SAUCE

SUNDAYS / 5PM

La Máquina de la Melancolía, with Frank Delgado and Luis Alberto García

#### **CENTRO CULTURAL BERTOLT BRECHT**

WEDNESDAYS / 11PM

Interactivo

EVERY OTHER FRIDAY / 11PM

Vieja Escuela & Sweet Lizzy Project

### **DIABLO TUN TUN**

SATURDAYS / 11PM

Gens

#### **EN GUAYABERA**

SUNDAYS / 5PM
Discotemba

# CASA DE LA AMISTAD

SUNDAYS / 5PM

Rock 'n' Roll with Vieja Escuela.

#### HAVANA HARD ROCK

EVERY OTHER FRIDAY / 6PM Soul Train, a show of soul music

SATURDAYS & SUNDAYS / 6PM

Rock cover bands



ULS C

CONTEMPORARY

SEPTEMBER 8 / 8:30PM

Isis Flores, Ernesto y David Blanco

SEPTEMBER 9 / 8:30PM

Adrian Berazaín, Fernando Bécquer & Charly Salgado

SEPTEMBER 10 / 8:30PM

Qva Libre

SEPTEMBER 15 / 8:30PM

Sweet Lizzy Proyect

SEPTEMBER 16 / 8:30PM

Luis Barbería

SEPTEMBER 30 / 8:30PM

Tony Ávila

SUNDAYS / 5PM

La Máquina de la Melancolía, with Frank Delgado and Luis Alberto García



# SUBMARINO AMARILLO

- MONDAYS / 9PM | Miel con Limón
- SEPTEMBER 1 / 9PM | Habalama
- SEPTEMBER 2 / 9PM | Vieja Escuela
- SEPTEMBER 3 / 9PM | Osamu
- SEPTEMBER 4 / 9PM | Eddie Escobar
- SEPTEMBER 7 / 9PM | Odisea
- SEPTEMBER 8 / 9PM | Gens
- SEPTEMBER 9 / 9PM | Habalama
- SEPTEMBER 10 / 9PM | Sweet Lizzy Proyect
- SEPTEMBER 11 / 9PM | Los Kents
- SEPTEMBER 13 / 9PM | Tierra de Cover
- SEPTEMBER 14 / 9PM | Los Tackson
- SEPTEMBER 15 / 9PM Gens
- SEPTEMBER 16 / 9PM | Vieja Escuela
- SEPTEMBER 17 / 9PM | Ernesto Blanco
- SEPTEMBER 18 / 9PM | Eddie Escobar
- SEPTEMBER 21 / 9PM | Tierra de Cover
- SEPTEMBER 22 / 9PM | Habalama
- SEPTEMBER 23 / 9PM | Sweet Lizzy Proyect
- SEPTEMBER 24 / 9PM | Osamu
- SEPTEMBER 25 / 9PM | Eddie Escobar
- SEPTEMBER 28 / 9PM | Los Tackson
- SEPTEMBER 29 / 9PM | Gens
- SEPTEMBER 30 / 9PM | Aire Libre

# **HOTEL ARMADORES DE SANTANDER**

FRIDAYS / 5PM

Trumpet player Yasek Manzano and DJ Wichi del Vedado

### CAFÉ CANTANTE. TEATRO NACIONAL

WEDNESDAYS / 5PM

Ova Libre

# **TERCERAY8**

MONDAYS / 11PM

Baby Lores

# LA TROPICAL. SALÓN ROSADO

SEPTEMBER 15 / 9PM

Urban Music Concert

SEPTEMBER 16 / 9PM

TECNOCUBA: Electronic
Festival with 50 guest DJs

# CASA DE LA MÚSICA DE MIRAMAR

ALL DAYS 5 PM, 11 PM

Popular dance music

MONDAYS 11 PM

Sur Caribe

TUESDAYS 11 PM

Pedrito Calvo

WEDNESDAYS Juan Guillermo
5PM/11 PM Adalberto Álvarez

**THURSDAYS** 5 PM

**Manolito Simonet** 

SATURDAYS 5 PM

Cristian y Rey

**SUNDAYS** 5 PM

Bamboleo

# CABARET PICO BLANCO. HOTEL SAINT JOHN'S

WEDNESDAYS / 10PM

Popular dance music (Vacilón)

### CAFÉ CANTANTE. TEATRO NACIONAL

MONDAYS, TUESDAYS, FRIDAYS / 11PM

Popular dance music

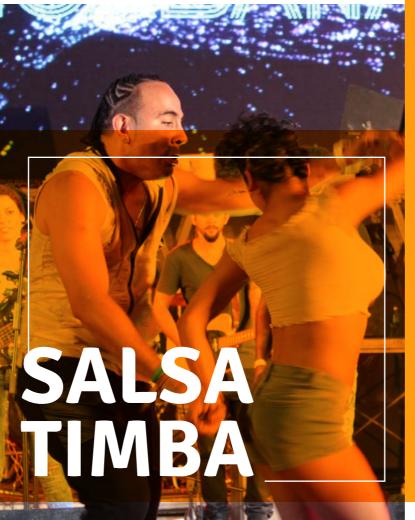
# **CASA DE 18**

FRIDAYS / 8:30PM

Iván y Fiebre Latina

SATURDAYS / 8PM

Ahí Namá



#### **TERCERAY8**

WEDNESDAYS / 11PM

Alain Daniel

### **DIABLO TUNTÚN**

THURSDAYS / 11PM

Popular dance music (NG La Banda)

#### **JARDINES DEL 1830**

FRIDAYS / 10PM

Azúcar Negra

SUNDAYS / 10PM

Grupo Moncada

# SALÓN ROSADO DE LA TROPICAL SEPTEMBER 2, 9PM Disco Timba Cubana

SEPTEMBER 3, 9PM

Alma **Charanga Latina** SEPTEMBER 4, 4PM

SEPTEMBER 10, 9PM Cabaret La Tropical: Compañía

Santiago Alfonso, Bamboleo y

Cabaret La Tropical: Compañía Santiago Alfonso y Mayko de

Osaín del Monte

SEPTEMBER 11, 5PM Van Van

SEPTEMBER 17, 9PM Cabaret La Tropical: Compañía

Santiago Alfonso, Elito Revé, Haila, Paulo FG, Mayito, Mandy

y otros

SEPTEMBER 18, 4PM Cristian y Rey

SEPTEMBER 23, 9PM Disco Timba Cubana

SEPTEMBER 24, 9PM Cabaret La Tropical SEPTEMBER 25, 5PM Alexander Abreu SEPTEMBER 30, 9PM Disco Timba Cubana





# **Jazz Café**

Mellow, sophisticated and freezing due to extreme air conditioning, the Jazz Café is not only an excellent place to hear some of Cuba's top jazz musicians, but the open-plan design also provides for a good bar atmosphere if you want to chat. Less intimate than La Zorra y el Cuervo – located opposite Melia Cohiba Hotel.

# Café Jazz Miramar

SHOWS: 11 PM - 2AM

This new jazz club has quickly established itself as one of the very best places to hear some of Cuba's best musicians jamming. Forget about smoke filled lounges, this is clean, bright—take the fags outside. While it is difficult to get the exact schedule and in any case expect a high level of improvisation when it is good it is very good. A full house is something of a mixed house since on occasion you will feel like holding up your own silence please sign! Nonetheless it gets the thumbs up from us.

# **CAFÉ CONCERT EL SAUCE**

SEPTEMBER 27, 10PM

Zule Guerra (singer) and Blues de La Habana

# **CASA DEL ALBA**

SEPTEMBER 9 8 PM

Ruy López-Nussa y La Academia

# **UNEAC**

SEPTEMBER 15, 5PM

La Esquina del Jazz, hosted by showman Bobby Carcassés



September 1, 10pm Albertico Lescay and his project Formas

September 2, 10pm Pablo Menéndez y Mezcla

September 3, 10pm César López

September 4, 6pm Los Gafas 11pm Alejandro Falcón

September 6, 10pm Delvis Ponce & Experimental Jazz

September 7, 10pm Gala Mayor

September 8, 10pm Zule Guerra y Blues de

La Habana

September 9, 10pm Lazarito Valdés y Piano

del Solar

September 10, 2pm Maraca

10pm César López

September 11, 10pm Los Gafas

September 13, 10pm Albertico Lescay and his

project Formas

September 14, 10pm Yasek Manzano and

quest DJs

September 15, 9pm Michel Herrera y Madre

Tierra Project, & Natjim

Ouixxol



September 16, 9pm Yadasny Portillo and his

group Cauce

September 17, 2pm Zule Guerra

10pm César Lopez

September 18, 5pm Los Gafas <sup>10pm</sup> Ruy López-Nussa

September 20, 10pm Ernan López-Nussa,

César López & Havana in

Grand Manager

September 21, 10pm Joven Jazz

September 22, 10pm Zule Guerra y Blues de La Habana

September 23, 10pm Maraca

September 24, 2pm Alejandro Falcón

10pm César López

September 25, 2pm Los Gafas

10pm Reinier Mariño

September 27, 10pm Zule Guerra & Blues de

La Habana

September 28, 10pm Gala Mayor

September 29, 10pm Albertico Lescay and his

project Formas

September 30, 10pm Pablo Menéndez &

Mezcla

# **PABELLÓN CUBA**

SEPTEMBER 1 Dennys Carbó y Jazz en Trance 5 PM

SEPTEMBER 8 Open Mind 5 PM

Ruly Herrera y su cuarteto **SEPTEMBER** 15, 5 PM



TUESDAYS / 5PM | Conjunto Chappottín

**WEDNESDAYS** / 5PM

Trova

**THURSDAYS** / 5PM

Conjunto Arsenio Rodríguez

FRIDAYS / 5PM

Rumberos de Cuba

SUNDAYS / 5PM | Rumba

## **GATO TUERTO**

FRIDAYS / 5PM

La Hora Infiel, with music, visual arts, literature and more.

FRIDAYS / 9PM

Osdalgia

DAILY / 8PM

Gato Tuerto Nights, hosted by Julio

Acanda

### **HOTEL TELÉGRAFO**

FRIDAYS / 9:30PMPM

Ivette Cepeda

#### CAFÉ TEATRO BERTOLT BRECHT

SEPTEMBER 24 / 3PM

Rafael Espín and quests

## PABELLÓN CUBA

TUESDAYS / 4PM

Trova with Fidel Díaz and Ihosvani Bernal

FRIDAYS / 4PM

Tres Tazas with trovador

Silvio Alejandro

**SEPTEMBER 11** & 18 / 2PM

Guatecazo, Cuban country music

SEPTEMBER 11 / 6PM

Waldo Mendoza

# MUSIC BOLERO, FOLKLORE, **SON AND** TROVA

### **CASA DE 18**

WEDNESDAYS /8PM

Héctor Téllez

**THURSDAYS** / 8PM

José Valladares

FRIDAYS / 8PM

Leidis Díaz

SUN / 4PM Georgeana

#### **CLUB KARACHI**

SEPTEMBER 30 / 6PM Rafael Espín

# CASA MEMORIAL SALVADOR ALLENDE

SEPTEMBER 30 / 6PM Ángel Quintero and guests

# CASONA DE LÍNEA

SUNDAYS / 8PM Trova

## **DOS GARDENIAS**

WEDNESDAYS / 10PM Haila María Mompié

# CENTRO IBEROAMERICANO DE LA DÉCIMA

**SEPTEMBER 25** 

El Jardín de la Gorda with trovadors from every generation

#### **CENTRO CULTURAL FRESA Y CHOCOLATE**

THURSDAYS /

Trova with Frank Martínez

ASOCIACIÓN YORUBA DE CUBA

Obbiní Batá (folkloric group)

FRIDAYS / 8:30PM

FRIDAYS / 11PM

Mónica Mesa

CASA DE LA AMISTAD

Roberto Javier

SATURDAYS / 9PM

SUNDAYS / 6PM | Singer Leidis Díaz

CABARET EL TURQUINO. HOTEL HABANA LIBRE

#### **CLUB AMANECER**

FRIDAYS / 5PM

Conjunto de Arsenio Rodríguez

### **DELIRIO HABANERO**

FRIDAYS / 10PM | Son en Klab **SATURDAYS** Sonyku / 10PM

#### **DIABLO TUN TUN**

**HURÓN AZUL, UNEAC** 

Bolero Night

THURSDAYS / 5PM

SATURDAYS / 9PM

Trova with Ray Fernández

9:30PM

FRIDAYS / Grupo Moncada

### LE SELECT

# **SEPTEMBER 2016** 89



# **CASA DEL ALBA**

SEPTEMBER 4, 5 PM En Confluencia, dedicated to guitar. Florida.

SEPTEMBER 11, 5PM Young Composers.

SEPTEMBER 18,5PM De Nuestra América.

SEPTEMBER 25,5PM Seis por Derecho, with guitarist Bárbara Milián

and guests

# **BIBLIOTECA NACIONAL JOSÉ MARTÍ**

SATURDAYS, 4 PM Concerts by chamber soloists and ensembles.

# SALA GONZALO ROIG. PALACIO DEL TEATRO LÍRICO NACIONAL

SEPTEMBER 25, 5 PM Cuerda Dominical, with guitarist Luis Manuel Molina.

# **TEATRO MARTÍ**

FRI, SAT & SUN, THROUGH SEPTEMBER 11, 6 PM Les Miserables, musical by Claude-Michel Schönberg and Alain Boublil, adaptation and production by Alfonso Menéndez.

# **IGLESIA DE PAULA**

SEPTEMBER 2 Concierto barroco para teclas, concert by Gabriela Mulen and David Pérez (clavichord and organ) and the Ars Longa

Early Music Ensemble.

SEPTEMBER 3 Caprices-suites-mascaradas. Un viaje musical por la Europa barroca, with Claudia Gerauer (recorder) and Stefan Baier (keyboards).

Reflejos. Trascendencia de la suite barroca will present flutist Alberto Rosas, the Ars Longa Early Music Ensemble

and guest soloists.

Obras para órgano del sur de Alemania, concert with works by Georg Muffat, Johann Jakob Froberger, Johann Pachelbel and Johann Kaspar Kerll, performed by organist Moisés Santiesteban, and guest organists Stefan Baier and David Pérez.

Terra di la musica announces pieces from the Italian
Baroque for violoncello performed by Alejandro Saúl
Martínez and David Pérez, accompanied by the Ars Longa

Early Music Ensemble.

Terra di la musica announces pieces from the Italian
Baroque for violoncello performed by Alejandro Saúl
Martínez and David Pérez, accompanied by the Ars Longa
Early Music Ensemble.

Ciacconas y sonatas, performed by soloists from the Ars
Longa Early Music Ensemble, who will sing and play works
from the early and late Baroque by composers Marco
Uccellini, Biagio Marini, Tarquinio Merula, Georg Philipp
Telemann, Johann Friedrich Fasch and Arcangelo Corelli.

El culto mariano en los santuarios latinoamericanos
Christmas songs dedicated to the Virgin Mary and to
the saints composed during the 17th- and 18th-century
viceregal America, performed by the Ars Longa Early Music
Ensemble.

SEPTEMBER Ab imo pectore, performed by the Exsulten Early Music Ensemble.



# Mas añejo sabe mejor

# **TEATRO MELLA**

GRUPO ONONDIVEPA, SEPTEMBER 23-24, 8:30PM; SEPTEMBER 25, 5PM

Comedy show that combines audiovisual materials, sketches, monologues and song.

# Diálogo de fugitivos SALA ADOLFO LLAURADÓ

TEATRO DEL SOL, FRIDAYS & SATURDAYS, 8:30PM; SUNDAYS, 5PM

This little known piece by Bertolt Brecht, with accurate humor, throw together a scientist and a laborer who are being persecuted by the fascists. During their plight, they put their ideas, which conditioned by each of their social status, into debate.

# Otra vez Jehová con el cuento de Sodoma

# CAFÉ TEATRO. CENTRO CULTURAL BERTOLT BRECHT

PEQUEÑO TEATRO DE LA HABANA / PRODUCTION: JOSÉ MILIÁN. FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS, 8:30 PM; SUNDAYS, 5PM

Written by Cuban playwright José Milián, National Theater Prizewinner and director of Pequeño Teatro de La Habana, the play is based on biblical texts and documents that give grounds for laughing, dancing and, especially, reflecting.

# Delantal todo sucio de huevos

# **TEATRO RAQUEL REVUELTA**

TEATRO DE DOS / PRODUCTION JULIO CÉSAR RAMÍREZ

SEPTEMBER 9-18, FRIDAYS & SATURDAYS, 8:30PM; SUNDAYS, 5PM

Play by Brazilian playwright Marcos Barbosa in which a traditional family is faced with the return of their son turned into a woman after 20 years of absence from home.



# Había una vez un circo

# **CARPA TROMPOLOCO**

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS, 4PM & 7PM

Circus show by Cuba's National Circus Company

# **Fantasías**

# **CINE YARA**

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS, 3PM

Circus show with magic tricks, pole dance, aerial ribbons, lassos, whips, acrobatics, hula-hoop, juggling, clowns and much more.

# **Puppets Galore**

# **TEATRO DE TÍTERES EL ARCA**

Saturdays, 3pm

Puppet shows by El Arca Puppet Theater Company



# **EVENTS IN HAVANA**



# Arte en La Rampa

**THROUGH SEPTEMBER 18** TUESDAYS-FRIDAYS, 2-8PM; SATURDAYS & SUNDAYS, 10AM-8PM. CLOSED MONDAYS AND JULY 30 PABELLÓN CUBA

As is customary every summer since the year 2000, the Art at La Rampa Crafts Fair opened its door at the Pabellón Cuba, emblematic building of 1960s Cuban architecture, with an attractive offer that includes the sale of serigraphs, footwear, clothing, costume jewelry, fans, household goods, furniture, ornaments, and much more. Fashion shows, concerts and activities for the kiddies will also take place during the Fair.

This edition has 50 individual stands and around 10 from the Cuban Fund of Cultural Property, as well as products from Egrem, Artex, Génesis, ICAIC, UNEAC, Abdala, Editorial de la Mujer, Casa de las Américas, Distribuidora Nacional del Libro, Centro Provincial del Libro and Casa del Abanico. The provinces of Cienfuegos, Matanzas, Artemisa, Mayabeque and Havana are being represented by their craftspersons. Specialized stores, like the Tienda del Mueble (furniture) and designer Freixas (clothes) are also showcasing their wares.



# **Habanarte**

**SEPTEMBER 8-18 CULTURAL VENUES IN HAVANA** 

Habanarte is an event that involves the participation of artists of all kinds, will be held from September 11-21. With special performances added to the usual cultural program in Havana, Habanarte aims to give a true picture of what is happening in Cuban culture today, from the traditional to the most innovative and avantgarde. This year the event, which will revolve around young Cuban art, will include a Special Exhibition at the Centro de Desarrollo de las Artes Visuales; performances by dance companies Rosario Cárdenas, Ballet Español de Cuba, Danza Abierta and the Conjunto Folklórico Nacional; musical performances by Aldo López-Gavilán, Interactivo, Roberto Fonseca, Gerardo Alfonso, Polito Ibáñez, Raúl Torres, Frank Delgado, Telmary, Yasek Manzano, Van Van, Bamboleo and Charanga Habanera, among many other.

From September 14-17, the Gran Teatro de La Habana Alicia Alonso will host the first International Forum of Front Line Music aimed at assessing and creating mechanisms for the promotion of Cuban music abroad. The forum will include fairs, lectures and showcases. There will also be a special tour of Guanabacoa, the cradle of great figures of Cuban music such as Ernesto Lecuona, Ignacio Villa (Bola de Nieve) and Rita Montaner, among others, and a region of significant cultural and heritage values.

# **EVENTS IN HAVANA**



# IX Encuentro Nacional de Grabado

SEPTEMBER 23-OCTOBER 21

GALLERIES AND CULTURAL CENTERS IN HAVANA

This exhibition/competition will be open at the Centro de Desarrollo de las Artes Visuales on September 23. Several other galleries in Old Havana, plus UNEAC's Martínez Villena Gallery will join the meeting with their own shows. A theoretical event will be held from September 26-30 at Havana's Historical Center. The topics that will be discussed include printmaking and its creators in contemporary Cuban art, contemporary Cuban graphic art and the diverse mediums, teaching printmaking in Cuba and the insertion of this art form in the art market.



# Festival de Contratenores del Mundo

SEPTEMBER 30-OCTOBER 9

**HAVANA** 

Organized by the Leo Brouwer Office, musicians from 11 countries will participate in 15 concerts, with several world premieres and performances of works composed from the Renaissance to the 21st century in the Festival of Countertenors of the World. The second contest of countertenors (October 4 to 6) will also be held as part of the event.

# **EVENTS AROUND CUBA**

# Concurso Internacional de Danza Atlántico Norte

SEPTEMBER 24-30, TEATRO EDDY SUÑOL, HOLGUÍN

Convened by the Ukrainian Vladimir Malakhov, undisputed star of world ballet, and under the auspices of the Codanza, the contemporary dance company based in Holguín, participants will be eligible for prizes for best soloists and best companies during this dance festival in which audiences will be able to enjoy the performances of young figures of Cuban classical ballet and contemporary dance.



# **Festival Nacional Metal HG**

SEPTEMBER 16-25, HOLGUÍN

One of a kind in the eastern part of the country, this festival promotes a space in which different generations of Cubans, who decades ago defended a music considered as "resistance music," can exchange experiences with more recent bands under absolute freedom of expression and aesthetics



# V Concurso Internacional de Fotografía de Naturaleza

SEPTEMBER 12-17, PROTECTED NATURAL LANDSCAPE, TOPES DE COLLANTES

The 5th Nature Photography Contest will be held in the Natural Protected Landscape Topes de Collantes, in the heart of the Guamuhaya mountain range, 20 kilometers from the city of Trinidad, World Heritage Site. Topes de Collantes covers a hilly area of more than twenty thousand hectares in the provinces of Villa Clara, Cienfuegos and Sancti Spiritus, with elevations ranging between 250 and 900 meters above sea level.

This protected area stands out for its rich and unique biodiversity. Its beautiful landscape is formed by lush forests, many rivers and streams with fanciful waterfalls and natural pools of crystal-clear water

Participating photographers will compete in this ideal landscape. Pictures will be taken in foot trails chosen among the contestants by drawing lots: The trails are La Batata, Codina, Caburní, Vegas Grandes, El Nicho, Camino de la Barbera, Guanayara, El Cubano, Gruta Nengoa and night tours through trails devoted to amphibians.



# **EL ATELIER**

EXPERIMENTAL FUSION

Interesting décor, interesting menu.

Calle 5 e/ Paseo y 2, Vedado (+53) 7-836-2025

# **■BELLA CIAO**

HOMELY ITALIAN

Great service, good prices. A real home from home.

Calle 19 y 72, Playa (+53) 7-206-1406

# **■CAFÉ BOHEMIA**

CAFÉ

Bohemian feel. Great sandwiches, salads & juices

Calle San Ignacio #364, Habana Vieja

# **■CAFÉ LAURENT**

SPANISH/MEDITERRANEAN

Attractive penthouse restaurant with breezy terrace.

Calle M #257, e/19 y 21, Vedado (+53) 7-831-2090

# LOS MERCADERES

CUBAN-CREOLE

Beautiful colonial house.Polpular place whit great food and good

Calle Mercaderes No. 207 altos e/ Lamparilla y Amargura. H.Vieja (+53) 7861 2437

# **■OTRA MANERA**

INTERNATIONAL

Beautiful modern decor. Interesting menu and good service.

Calle #35 e/ 20 y 41, Playa. (+53) 7-203-8315

# ■CASA MIGLIS

SWEDISH-CUBAN FUSION

Oasis of good food & taste in Centro Habana

Lealtad #120 e/ Ánimas y Lagunas, Centro Habana (+53) 7-864-1486

# ■ MEDITERRÁNEO HAVANA INTERNATIONAL

Interesting and diverse menu. Beautiful terrace.

Calle 13 #406, e/ E y F, Vedado. (+53) 7-832 4894 http://www/medhavana.com

# **■ EL COCINERO**

INTERNACIONAL

Industrial chic alfresco rooftop with a buzzing atmosphere

Calle 26, e/11 y 13, Vedado. (+53) 7-832-2355

# **■CORTE PRÍNCIPE**

Sergio's place. Simple décor, spectacular food.

Calle 9na esq. a 74, Miramar (+53) 5-255-9091

# **■RÍO MAR**

INTERNATIONAL

Contemporary décor. Great seaview. Good food.

Ave. 3raA y Final #11, La Puntilla, Miramar (+53) 7-209-4838

# D.EUTIMIA

CUBAN/CREOLE

Absolutely charming. Excellent Cuban/creole food.

Callejón del Chorro #60C, Plaza de la Catedral, Habana Vieja (+53) 7 861 1332

# **LA FONTANA**

INTERNACIONAL

Consistently good food, attentive service. Old school.

Calle 46 #305 esq. a 3ra, Miramar (+53) 7-202-8337

# **■IVÁN CHEF**

SPANISH

Brilliantly creative and rich food.

Aguacate #9 esq. a Chacón, Habana (+53) 7-863-9697

# **EL LITORAL**

INTERNATIONAL

Watch the world go by at the Malecón's best restaurant.

Malecón #161 e/ K y L, Vedado (+53) 7-830-2201

# 

SUSHI/ORIENTAL

Authentic fisherman's shack servicing world-class sushi.

Calle 240A #3023 esq. a 3ra C, Jaimanitas (+53) 5-286-7039

# **■ NAZDAROVIE**

SOVIET

Well designed Soviet décor excellent food & service.

Malecon #25, 3rd floor e Prado y Carcel, Centro Habana (+53) 7-860-2947

# **ISAN CRISTÓBAL**

CUBAN/CREOLE

Deservedly popular. Consistently great food. Kitsch décor.

San Rafael #469 e/ Lealtad y Campanario, Centro Habana (+53) 7-860-9109



**Style of food:** International

**Cost**: Expensive

Type of place: Private (Paladar)

Best for Quality décor, good service and great

food. Best new place recently opened.

Don't Miss Drinking a cocktail at sunset watching the world go by on the Malecón

Malecón #161 e/ K y L, Vedado. (+53) 7-830-2201

**Style of food:** Soviet **Cost:** Moderate

**Type of place:** Private (Paladar)

Best for Getting a flavor of Cuban-Soviet history along with babuska's traditional dishes in a classy locale.

**Don't miss** Vodka sundowners on the gorgeous terrace overlooking the malecon.

Malecon #25 3rd floor e/ Prado y Carcel, Centro Habana (+53) 7-860-2947





TOP PICK

**Style of food:** International

**Cost**: Moderate

Type of place: Private (Paladar)

**Best for** Beautiful modern décor and good food.

Don't miss Pork rack of ribs in honey. Sweet & sour sauce and grilled pineapple

Calle 35 #1810 e/ 20 y 41, Playa (+53) 7-203-8315



**Style of food**: Contemporary fusion

**Cost:** Expensive

Type of place: Private (Paladar)

**Best for** Authentic, charming and intimate atmosphere in Cuba's best known restaurant. Great food, professional. Classy.

Don't Miss Uma Thurman, Beyoncé or the Queen of Spain if they happen to be dining next to you.

Concordia #418 e/ Gervasio y Escobar, Centro Habana. (+53) 7-866-9047

**Style of food**: Traditional

**Cost:** Moderate

Type of place: Private (Paladar)

Best for taking a break from long walks and seeking shelter from the stifling Cuban.

**Don't miss** location in the cool inner courtyard of the colonial building.

Ground floor of the Palacio de la Casa del Conde de Lombillo, Calle San Ignacio #364

(+53) 5- 403-1 568, (+53) 7-836-6567 www. havanabohemia.com







Style of food: Spanish

Cost: Expensive

Type of place: Private (Paladar)

Best for Spectacular innovative food. Light and airy place where it always seems to feel like Springtime.

**Don't Miss** The lightly spiced grilled mahi-mahi served with organic tomato relish. Try the suckling

pig and stay for the cuatro leches. Aguacate #9, Esq. Chacón, Habana Vieja.

(+53) 7-863-9697 / (+53) 5-343-8540



# **Los Mercaderes**

Style of food Cuban creole Cost Moderate Type of place Private (Paladar)

**Best for Beautiful** colonial house.Polpular place whit great food and good service.

**Don't miss** Wonderfull balcony view to the clasic street.

Calle Mercaderes No. 207 altos e/ Lamparilla y Amargura. Habana Vieja (+53) 7861 2437 y (+53) 5290 1531

# **Casa Miglis**

Style of food Swedish-Cuban fusion Cost Expensive Type of place Private (Paladar)

**Best for** The beautifully designed interior, warm ambience and Miglis's personality create the feeling of an oasis in Central Havana.

Don't Miss Chatting with Mr Miglis. The Skaargan prawns, beef Chilli and lingonberries.

Lealtad #120 e/ Ánimas y Lagunas, Centro Habana www.casamiglis.com

(+53) 7-864-1486





# TRADITIONAL BARS

# **■EL FLORIDITA**

Hemingway's daiquiri bar. Touristy but always full of life. Great cocktails.

Obispo #557 esq. a Monserrate, Habana Vieja (+53) 7-867-1299

# **■1950S TRADITIONALS**

Guest performers include BUENA VISTA SOCIAL CLUB MEMBERS

Sociedad Rosalía de Castro, Egido 504 e/ Monte y Dragones, Old Havana (+53) 5-270-5271

# **■ SLOPPY JOE'S BAR**

Recently (beautifully) renovated. Full of history. Popular. Lacks a little 'grime'.

Ánimas esq. a Zulueta, Habana Vieja (+53) 7-866-7157

# CERVECERÍA

ANTIGUO ALMACÉN DE LA MADERA Y EL TABACO

Microbrewery located overlooking the restored docks Simply brilliant.

Avenida del Puerto y San Ignacio, La Habana Vieja

# **CONTEMPORARY BARS**

# **EL COCINERO**

Fabulous rooftop setting, great service, cool vibe.

Calle 26 e/11 y 13, Vedado

(+53) 7-832-2355

# **ESPACIOS**

Laid back contemporary bar with a real buzz in the back beergarden.

Calle 10 #510, e/5ta y 31, Miramar

(+53) 7-836-3031

# TABARISH

A comfortable place to chat / hang out with your friends. Great service.

Calle 20 #503, e/5ta y 7ma.

(+53) 7-202-9188

# **FAC**

X Alfonso's new cultural center. Great concerts, funky young scene.

Calle 26 e/ 11 y 13, Vedado (next to the Puente de Hierro)

(+53) 5-329-6325 www.facebook.com/fabrica.deartecubano



# **CONTEMPORARY BARS/CLUBS**

# **■DON CANGREJO**

Love it/hate it—this is the oldest Friday night party place and is still going strong. Outdoor by the sea.

Ave. 1ra e/16 & 18, Miramar (+53) 7-204-3837

# **■BOLABANA**

Packed night after night with a young dressed-up clientele wanting to party. Don't go looking for Buena Vista Social Club!

Calle 39 esq. 50, Playa (+53) 5 -294-3572

# **■ CORNER CAFÉ**

Great live music every day. very frequently by locals. Good tapas.

Calle B e/ 1ra y 3ra. Plaza de la Revolución (+53) 7837 1220

# **SANGRI-LA**

For the cool kids. Basement bar/club which gets packed at weekends.

Ave. 21 e/36 y 42, Miramar (+53) 7-264-8343

# **GAY-FRIENDLY**

# **CABARET** LAS VEGAS

Can get dark and smoky but great drag show (11pm) from Divino-one of Cuba's most accomplished drag acts.

Ave. 21 e/ 36 y 42, Miramar (+53) 7-264-8343

# **FASHION BAR** HAVANA

A superb example of queer class meets camp, accompanied by a fantastic floor show.

San Juan de Dios, esq. a Aquacate, Habana Vieja (+53) 7-867-1676

# CAFÉ BAR MADRIGAL

Pop décor, fancy cocktails, and the staff's supercilious attitude, this is a gathering spot for all types of folks.

Calle 17 #809 e/2 y 4, Vedado (+53) 7-831-2433





# **CONTEMPORARY BAR/CLUBS**

**Best for** Laid back lounge atmosphere in the garden area which often has live music. Good turnover of people.

**Don't Miss** Ray Fernandez, Tony Avila, Yasek Mazano playing live sets in the garden.

Calle 10 #510 e/ 5ta y 31, Miramar (+53) 7-202-2921

# **CONTEMPORARY**

Best for Trendy new location near Salón Rosado de la Tropica.

Don't Miss Hipsters meet the Havana Farándula.

Calle 39 esq. 50, Playa





# **BAR / TRADITIONAL**

**Best for** Immense original bar lovingly restored. Good service, History.

Worst for Not quite grimy. Too clean.

Ánimas, esq. Zulueta La Habana Vieja, (07) 866-7157



# **CONTEMPORARY BAR/CLUBS**

**Best for** X Alfonso's superb new cultural center has something for everyone

Don't Miss Artists who exhibit work should demonstrate ongoing creativity and a commitment for social transformation.

Calle 26 e/ 11 y 13, Vedado (next to the Puente de Hierro)

# **GAY FRIENDLY**

**Best for** A superb example of queer class meets camp, accompanied by a fantastic floor show.

**Don't Miss** The staff performing after 11pm

San Juan de Dios, esq. a Aguacate, Habana Vieja (+53) 7-867-1676



# **Bertolt Brecht**

# **CONTEMPORARY BAR/CLUBS**

Best for Hanging out with hip & funky Cubans who like their live music.

Don't Miss Interactivo playing on a Wednesday evening.

Calle 13 e/ I y J, Vedado (+53) 7-830-1354



# Traditionals of the 50's

A Cuban Music Project Introducing the Show

"A 1950's Cuban Evening"

Venue: Sociedad Rosalía de Castro, Egido 504 e/ Monte y Dragones, Old Havana. Daily from 9:30 pm.

GUESTS: BUENA VISTA SOCIAL CLUB AND AFROCUBAN ALL STARS MEMBERS & CUBA'S SHOW WOMAN JUANA BACALLAO











### **CONCERT VENUES**

# KARL MARX THEATRE

World class musicians perform prestigious concerts in Cuba's best equipped venue.

Calle 1ra esq. a 10, Miramar (+53) 7-203-0801

# SALSA/TIMBA

# ICAFÉ CANTANTE MI HABANA

Attracts the best Cuban musicians. Recently renovated with an excellent new sound system.

Ave. Paseo esq. a 39, Plaza de la Revolución (+53) 7-878-4273

# BASÍLICA SAN FRANCISCO DE ASÍS

A truly beautiful church, which regularly hosts fabulous classical music concerts.

Oficios y Amargura, Plaza de San Francisco de Asís, Habana Vieja

# **I** FÁBRICA DE ARTE

X Alfonso's new cultural center. Great concerts inside (small and funky) and outside (large and popular!).

Calle 26 e/  $11\,y$  13, Vedado (next to the Puente de Hierro)

# SALA **COVARRUBIAS**

TEATRO NACIONAL

Recently renovated, one of Cuba's most prestigious venues for a multitude of events.

Paseo y 39, Plaza de la Revolución.

# CASA DE LA **MÚSICA**

CENTRO HABANA

A little rough around the edges but spacious. For better or worse, this is ground zero for the best in Cuban salsa.

Galiano e/ Neptuno y Concordia, C. Habana (+53) 7-860-8296/4165

# CASA DE LA **MÚSICA**

MIRAMAR

Smaller and more up-market than its newer twin in Centro Habana. An institution in the Havana salsa scene.

Calle 20 esq. a 35, Miramar (+53) 7-204-0447

# **■SALÓN ROSADO** DE LA TROPICAL

The legendary beer garden where Arsenio tore it up. Look for a salsa/timba gig on a Sat night and a Sun matinee.

Ave. 41 esq. a 46, Playa (+53) 7-203-5322

# **CONTEMPORARY**

# CAFÉ TATRO BERTOLT BRECHT

Think MTV Unplugged when musicians play. Hip, funky and unique with an artsy Cuban crowd.

Calle 13 e/ I y J, Vedado (+53) 7-830-1354

## TROVA & TRADITIONAL

# BARBARAM PEPITO'S BAR

Some of the best Cuban Nueva Trova musicians perform in this small and intimate environment.

Calle 26 esq. a Ave. del Zoológico. Nuevo Vedado (+53) 7-881-1808

# **■DON CANGREJO**

Love it/hate it—this is the oldest Friday night party place and is still going strong. Outdoor by the sea.

Ave. 1ra e/16 y 18, Miramar (+53) 7-204-3837

## **IEL SAUCE**

Great outdoor concert venue to hear the best in contemporary & Nueva Trova live in concert.

Ave. 9na #12015 e/ 120 y 130, Playa (+53) 7-204-6428

# TEATRO DE BELLAS ARTES

Small intimate venue inside Cuba's most prestigious arts museum. Modern.

Trocadero e/ Zulueta y Monserrate, Habana Vieja.

# **■GATO TUERTO**

Late night place to hear fabulous bolero singers. Can get smoky.

Calle O entre 17 y 19, Vedado (+53) 7-833-2224

# TRADICIONALES DE LOS 50

The 1950s traditionals, a project created over 10 years ago, pays tribute to the Golden Era of Cuban music: the 1950s.

Sociedad Rosalia de Castro, Egido #504 e/ Monte y Dragones, Havana Vieja (+53) 7-861-7761

# SALÓN 1930 COMPAY SEGUNDO

Buena Vista Social Club style set in the grand Hotel Nacional.

Hotel Nacional Calle O esq. a 21, Vedado (+53) 7-835-3896

# **I**JAZZ CAFÉ

A staple of Havana's jazz scene, the best jazz players perform here. Somewhat cold atmospherewise.

Galerías de Paseo Ave. 1ra e/ Paseo y A, Vedado

# LA ZORRA Y EL CUERVO

Intimate and atmospheric, which you enter through a red telephone box, is Cuba's most famous.

Calle 23 e/ N y O, Vedado (+53) 7-833-2402





#### SIMPLY THE BEST...

# IBEROSTAR PARQUE CENTRAL

Luxury hotel overlooking Parque Central

Neptuno e/ Prado y Zulueta, Habana Vieja (+53) 7-860-6627

# **■ SANTA ISABEL**

Luxurious historic mansion facing Plaza de Armas

Narciso López, Habana Vieja (+53) 7-860-8201

# **■ SARATOGA**

Stunning view from roof-top pool. Beautiful décor.

Paseo del Prado #603 esq. a Dragones, Habana Vieja (+53) 7-860-8201

## **TERRAL**

Wonderful ocean front location. Newly renovated.

Malecón esq. a Lealtad, Centro Habana (+53) 7-862-8061

# **BOUTIQUE HOTELS IN OLD HAVANA**

## **■ FLORIDA**

Beautifully restored colonial house.

Obispo #252, esq. a Cuba, Habana Vieja (+53) 7-862-4127

# PALACIO DEL MARQUÉS...

Cuban baroque meets modern minimalist

Oficios #152 esq. a Amargura, Habana Vieja

#### **■ HOSTAL VALENCIA**

Immensely charming, great value.

Oficios #53 esq. a Obrapía, Habana Vieja (+53) 7-867-1037

# CONDE DE VILLANUEVA

Delightfully small and intimate. For cigar lovers.

Mercaderes #202, Lamparilla (+53) 7-862-9293

# **BUSINESS HOTELS**

# ■ MELIÁ COHÍBA

Oasis of polished marble and professional calm.

Ave Paseo e/ 1ra y 3ra, Vedado (+53) 7-833-3636

# AMBOS MUNDOS

A must for Hemingway aficionados

# ■ MELIÁ HABANA

Attractive design & extensive facilities.

Ave. 3ra y 70, Miramar (+53) 5-204-8500

# OCCIDENTAL MIRAMAR

Good value, large spacious modern rooms.

Ave. 5ta. e/70 y 72, Miramar (+53) 7-204-3583

# H10 HABANA PANORAMA

Cascades of glass. Good wi-fi. Modern.

Ave. 3ra. y 70, Miramar (+53) 7 204-0100

# FOR A SENSE OF HISTORY

Calle Obispo #153 esq. a Mercaderes, Habana (+53) 7-860-9529

# ■ MERCURE SEVILLA

Stunning views from the roof garden restaurant.

Trocadero #55 entre Prado y Zulueta, Habana (+53) 7-860-8560

# HOTEL NACIONAL

Eclectic art-deco architecture. Gorgeous gardens.

Calle O esq. a 21, Vedado (+53) 7-835 3896

# RIVIERA

Spectacular views over wavelashed Malecón

Paseo y Malecón, Vedado (+53) 7-836-4051

# **ECONOMICAL/BUDGET HOTELS**

# **BOSQUE**

On the banks of the Río Almendares.

Calle 28-A e/49-A y 49-B, Reparto Kohly, Playa (+53) 7-204-9232

# **■ DEAUVILLE**

Lack of pretension, great location.

Galiano e/Sán Lázaro y Malecón, Centro (+53) 7-866-8812

# ■ SAINT JOHN'S

Lively disco, tiny quirky pool. Popular.

Calle O e/23 y 25, Vedado (+53) 7-833-3740

## VEDADO

Good budget option with a bit of a buzz

Calle O e/23 y 25, Vedado (+53) 7-836-4072





# MID RANGE - CASA PARTICULAR (B&B)

## **1932**

Visually stunning, historically fascinating. Welcoming.

Campanario #63 e/ San Lázaro y Laguna, Centro Habana (+53) 7-863-6203

# MIRAMAR 301

LUXURY HOUSE

4 bedrooms private luxury villa with swimming pool

# ■ HABANA

Beautiful colonial townhouse with great location.

Calle Habana #209, e/ Empedrado, y Tejadillo, Habana Vieja. (+53) 7-861-0253

# **■ JULIO Y ELSA**

Cluttered bohemian feel. Hospitable.

Consulado #162 e/ Colón y Trocadero, Centro (+53) 7-861-8027

# **UP-SCALE B&BS (BOUTIQUE HOSTALS)**

# **SUEÑO CUBANO**

Old palace carefully restored, seven rooms, suites with bathrooms and featuring 24 hour service.

Calle Santa Clara número 66 entre Oficios e Inquisidor. Habana Vieja

53 78660109 39 339 1817730

# CAÑAVERAL HOUSE

But undoubtedly the most beautiful about private homes in Cuba

39A street, #4402, between 44 y 46, Playa, La Habana Cuba (+53) 295-5700 http://www.cubaguesthouse.com/canaveral. homé.html?lang=ĕn

### VITRALES

Hospitable, attractive and reliable boutique B&B with 9 bedrooms.

Habana #106 e/ Cuarteles y Chacón, Habana (+53) 7-866-2607

# CASA ESCORIAL

Attractive accomodations with a panoramic view of Plaza Vieja

Mercaderes # 315 apt 3 e/ Muralla y Teniente Rey, Plaza Vieja, Habana Vieja (+53) 5-268 6881; 5-278 6148

# APARTMENT RENTALS

# **BOHEMIA BOUTIQUE** APARTMENTS

Gorgeous 1-bedroom apartment beautifully decorated apartment overlooking Plaza Vieja.

San Ignacio #364 e/ Muralla y Teniente Rey, Plaza Vieja

(+53) 5- 403-1 568 (+53) 7-836-6567 www.havanabohemia.com

# **LUXURY HOUSES**

# **VILLASOL**

Rent Room elegant and wellequipped. Beautiful wild garden and great pool.

Calle 17 #1101 e/ 14 y 16, Vedado

# ■ CASA CONCORDIA

Beautifully designed and spacious 3 bedroom apartment. Spanish colonial interiors with cheerful, arty accents.

Concordia #151 apto. 8 esq. a San Nicolás, Centro Habana

(+53) 5-254-5240 www.casaconcordia.net

# CASABLANCA

Elegant well-equipped villa formerly owned by Fulgencio Batista. Beautiful wild garden.

Morro-Cabaña Park. House #29

(+53) 5-294-5397 www.havanacasablanca.com

# **TROPICANA** PENTHOUSE

A luxurious penthouse with huge roof terrace and breath-taking 360 degree views of Havana and the ocean.

Galiano #60 Penthouse Apt.10 e/ San Lázaro y

(+53) 5-254-5240 www.tropicanapenthouse.com

# MICHAEL AND MARÍA ELENA

This leafy oasis in western Havana has an attractive mosaic tiled pool and three modern bedrooms.

Calle 66 #4507 e/45 y Final, Playa

(+53) 7-209-0084

### ■ SUITE HAVANA

Elegant 2-bedroom apartment in restored colonial building. Quality loft style décor.

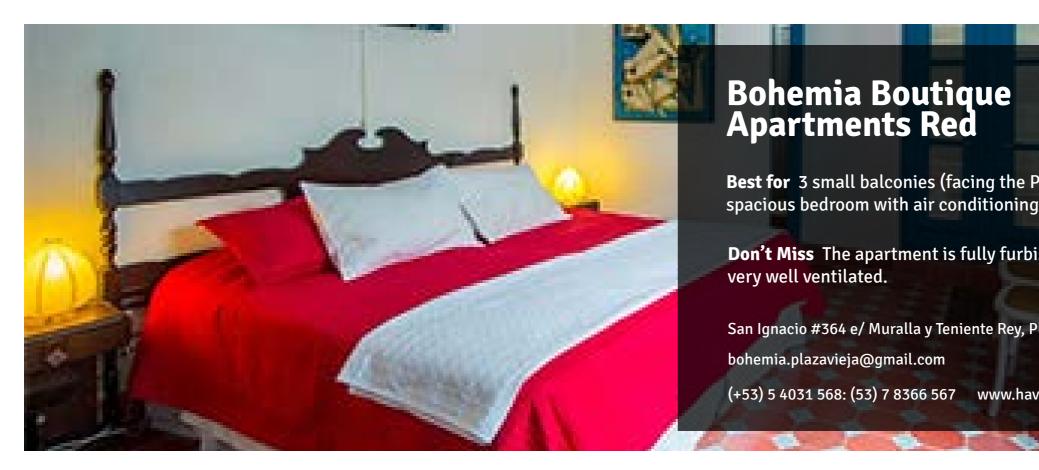
Lamparilla #62 altos e/ Mercaderes y San Ignacio, Habana Vieja

(+53) 5-829-6524

# **RESIDENCIA** MARIBY

A sprawling vanilla-hued mansion with 6 rooms decorated with colonial-era lamps, tiles and Louis XV furniture

Vedado. (+53) 5-370-5559



# **Bohemia Boutique Apartments Red**

Best for 3 small balconies (facing the Patio of the Palace), 1

TOP PICK \*

Don't Miss The apartment is fully furbished, plenty of light and very well ventilated.

San Ignacio #364 e/ Muralla y Teniente Rey, Plaza Vieja, Habana Vieja bohemia.plazavieja@gmail.com

(+53) 5 4031 568: (53) 7 8366 567 www.havanabohemia.com



# **Bohemia Boutique Apartments Blue**

Best for i1 internal balcony, 1 spacious bedroom on the mezzanine with air conditioning.

Don't Miss The apartment is fully furbished, plenty of light and very well ventilated.

San Ignacio #364 e/ Muralla y Teniente Rey, Plaza Vieja, Habana Vieja bohemia.plazavieja@gmail.com (+53) 5 4031 568: (53) 7 8366 567

# Sueño Cubano

WWW.SUENOCUBANO.COM

Best for Old palace carefully restored, seven rooms, suites with bathrooms and featuring 24 hour service.

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